THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, State Printer.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, FRIDAY MARCH 30, 1866. NO. 196.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 lines of minion type which constitutes a square:

1 insertion	$1.00	2 weeks	$ 3.00
2 "	1.50	1 month	5.00
3 "	2.00	3 months	15.00
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5 "	3.00	6 "	26.00
1 week	3.50		

Special notices, under a special head, will be charged one dollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisements.

The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

[From the Telegraphic Correspondence of the Richmond Examiner.]

The President's Veto of the Civil Rights Bill.

SENATOR STOCKTON RULED OUT.

Radical Pretext for this Action.

REPORT OF THE VIRGINIA EVIDENCE BEFORE THE RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE.

Testimony of Gen. Lee, Speaker Baldwin, Judge Joynes, and Others.

Proceedings in Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—SENATE.—The Senate was occupied with the case of Mr. Stockton, of New Jersey, and ruled him out by one majority. This action gives the Republican Legislature of New Jersey an opportunity to elect a Republican in his place.

The pretext for ousting Mr. Stockton was that he was elected by a plurality instead of a majority of the members of the former Legislature.

The President sent in a veto of the Civil Rights Bill. He says:

By the first section of the bill all persons born in the United States and not subject to any foreign power, excluding Indians not taxed, are declared to be citizens of the United States.

This provision comprehends the Chinese of the Pacific States, Indians subject to taxation and the people called Gypsies, as well as the entire race designated as blacks, people of color, negroes, mulattoes, and persons of African blood. Every individual of these races born in the United States is, by the bill, made a citizen of the United States. It does not purport to declare or confer any other right of citizenship than Federal citizenship, and does not purport to give these classes of persons any *status* as citizens of States, except that which may result from their *status* as citizens of the United States.

The power to confer the right of State citizenship is just as exclusively with the several States as the power to confer the right of Federal citizenship is with Congress. The right of Federal citizenship thus to be conferred on the several excepted races before mentioned, is now, for the first time, proposed to be given by law. The bill, in effect, proposes a discrimination against large numbers of intelligent, worthy and patriotic foreigners, and in favor of the negro, to whom, after long years of bondage, the avenues to freedom and intelligence have now been suddenly opened. He must, of necessity, from his previous unfortunate condition of servitude, be less informed as to the nature and character of our institutions than he who, coming from abroad, has, to some extent at least, familiarized himself with the principles of government to which he voluntarily entrusted life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. Yet it is now proposed, by a single legislative enactment, to confer the right of citizens upon all persons of African descent born within the extended limits of the United States, while persons of foreign birth who make our land their homes must undergo a probation of five years, and can only then become citizens upon proof that they are of good moral character, attached to the principles of the institutions of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same.

In reviewing these sections of the bill he says: If it be granted that Congress can repeal all State laws discriminating between whites and blacks in the subjects covered by this bill, why, it may be asked, may not Congress repeal in the same way all State laws discriminating between the two races on the subjects of suffrage and office? If Congress can declare by law who shall hold lands, who shall testify, who shall have capacity to make a contract in a State, then Congress can by law also declare who, without regard to colour or race, shall have the right to set as a juror, or as a judge, or to hold any other office, and finally to vote in every State and Territory of the United States.

As respects the Territories, they come within the power of Congress, for as to them the law making power is the Federal power, but as to the States no similar provision exists vesting in Congress the power to make rules and regulations for them. The President says in conclusion:

In all our history, in all our experience as a people living under Federal and State law, no such system as that contemplated by the details of this bill has ever before been proposed or adopted. They establish, for the security of the colored race, safeguards that go infinitely beyond any that the General Government has ever provided for the white race. They interfere with the municipal legislation of the States, with the relations existing exclusively between a State and its citizens, or between the inhabitants of the same State, in the assumption of power by the General Government which, if acquiesced in, must sap and destroy our federative system of limited powers, and break down the barriers which preserve the rights of the States. It is another step, or rather stride, towards centralization and concentration of all legislative powers in the National Government. The tendency of the bill must be to resuscitate the spirit of rebellion, and arrest the progress of those influences which are more closely drawing around the States the bonds of Union and peace. My lamented predecessor, in his proclamation of the 1st of January 1864, ordered and declared that all persons held as slaves within certain States and parts of States therein designated were, and thenceforward should be free, and further, that the Executive Government of the United States, including the military and naval authorities thereof, would recognize and maintain the freedom of such persons. This guarantee has been rendered especially obligatory and sacred by the amendment to the Constitution abolishing slavery throughout the United States. I therefore fully recognize the obligation to protect and defend that class of our people whenever and wherever it shall become necessary, and to the full extent compatible with the Constitution of the United States.

Entertaining these sentiments, it only remains for me to say that I will cheerfully co-operate in any measure that may be necessary for the protection of the civil rights of the freedmen, as well as those of all other classes of persons throughout the United States, by judicial process, under equal and impartial laws, in conformity with the provisions of the Federal Constitution.

I now return the bill to the Senate and regret that, in considering the bills and joint resolutions—forty-two in number—which have been thus far submitted for my approval, I am compelled to withhold my assent from a second measure that has received the sanction of both Houses of Congress.

The consideration of the message was postponed until to-morrow.

HOUSE.—A report of evidence was made today from the Committee of Reconstruction, from which it appears that among the more important witnesses examined in relation to Virginia were: Judge Underwood, Lewis McKenzie, General Turner, commanding the post at Richmond, Major General Terry, Colonel Orlando Brown, Charles H. Lewis, late Secretary of the Commonwealth, General Robert E. Lee and Brigadier General Corse. John B. Baldwin, William T. Joynes, John M. Botts, and others from that State, including several colored men, were also examined.

General Lee represents that nothing like a sentiment of hostility to the United States Government exists in Virginia; that there are no combinations or conspiracies having that end in view; that the people, though disappointed and saddened by the result of war, accept that result submissively, and are only looking now to their material interests, and that the surest and speediest means of reconciling the people to the Government, and making them its cordial supporters, is to extend them equal political rights with the people of the other States.

As to the negroes, he expresses the belief, which he says he has long entertained, that the State would be much better without them, and he repudiates the idea that cruelties were purposely inflicted on Federal prisoners of war.

The testimony of the members of the Virginia Legislature—gentlemen who had come as a delegation to President Johnson—was equally important and interesting. They concur in opinion as to the complete absence of any feeling looking to a renewal of the contest with the Government. The question of secession, they say, was settled by the sword, and the people were content to abide by the decision, and live henceforth faithful citizens of the Republic.—They represent the feeling of the people at large and of themselves as unalterably opposed to the idea of extending political rights to negroes, while, as to civil rights, the Legislature was engaged in maturing measures removing most, if not all, of the obnoxious discriminations in the laws between whites and blacks.

On the question of the course which Virginia would take in case of a war between the United States and any foreign power, which might afford the South a promise of establishing their independence, their testimony was decidedly on the side of loyalty.

On the other hand the United States officers—Generals Terry and Turner, and Colonel Brown, and most, if not all, of the unqualified Union men, concur in representing the sentiment of the people of Virginia in relation to the Government as unimproved, and as rather having become embittered since Lee's surrender. They say that at that time the people were humble, sick of war, longing for peace on any terms, and ready to accept gratefully the pardon of the Government, and to submit to any conditions that might be imposed, while now they are arrogant, exacting and intolerant.

Most of the witnesses of that class express the decided opinion that the withdrawal of the Federal troops and of the Freedmen's Bureau would be followed by an unrelenting proscription of white Unionists and the persecution and remission of slavery of the colored people. The change of feeling is very generally ascribed by these witnesses to the President's liberal policy.

In regard to the Federal debt the people of Virginia are represented as in favor of its repudiation, or at least of combining with it the Confederate debt. The witnesses who have been connected with the Confederacy, however, deny this, and represent the people as willing to pay their share of the Federal debt by taxation.

On this subject General Lee's opinion is that they are willing to pay both, and opposed to a repudiation of either.

Outside of those matters of general inquiry, there is one historical episode connected with the secession of Virginia and the outbreak of the rebellion, on which the testimony of these witnesses was taken.

There was a conference sought for and held by Mr. Lincoln with a member of the Virginia Secession Convention, delegated by the Union members of that body—John B. Baldwin—prior to the opening of the rebel batteries on Fort Sumter.

The first statement on the subject came from John F. Lewis, an uncompromising Union man all through the war, and who had been himself a member of the Virginia Convention. He testified that, on the evening of the 16th of April, 1861, he visited John Minor Botts in Richmond, and learned from him that Mr. Lincoln had informed him that he had had an interview with John B. Baldwin—Judge Summers, for whom a special messenger had been sent, not being able to go to Washington; and the Union members having delegated Baldwin, and had made a proposition that if the Virginia Convention would adjourn *sine die*, without passing an ordinance of secession, he (Mr. Lincoln) would take the responsibility of withdrawing the troops from Fort Sumter. Colonel Baldwin declined to accede to the proposition, and did not communicate it to the Convention the next morning.

After hearing the statement, Mr. Lewis prevailed on Colonel Baldwin to accompany him to the house of Mr. Botts, who reported the statement made by him to Mr. Lincoln, and asked him how in the name of God he could take the responsibility of withholding the knowledge of such an interview from the Convention, to which Baldwin, looking at his watch, replied that it was then near the hour for the meeting of the Convention, that he would be there, and that he would see Botts again.

The testimony gives many particulars relating to this subject, which will be published in to-morrow's papers.

COTTON SEED FOR SALE.

On Saturday, the seventh [7th] day of April next, at the Plantation of Jno Neal deceased, in the County of Franklin, ten miles below Louisburg, I shall sell at Public Auction **1200 bushels** of **Cotton Seed**—These Seed are "Extra Prolific," unmixed, and are of the very best quality. Terms: six month's credit, with good bond.

JOS. J DAVIS
March 21-188-td Executor.

FOR SALE.

A large Bay Horse, warranted good for any kind of work. The owner offers him for sale solely because he does not need him at present.

Apply to
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 21, 188, tf

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS!

1 New Iron Axle Wagon, New York make, 2 horse
2 New Iron Axle Dump Carts,
2 New Iron Axle Push Carts,
15 Wheelbarrows,
10 Store or Warehouse Trucks.

All of the above are of the very best quality, and will be sold at a small advance on New York cost.

In addition to the above we keep all kinds of Plows and Plow Castings, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Axles, &c.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 181, 16o. tf

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
OF RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES E JOHNSON, M. D., *President.*
HIRAM W. HUSTED, *Vice President.*
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Policies issued payable after death, or when the Insurer shall attain a certain age, *free from the claims of creditors, if parties insure for the benefit of wife and children.* Premiums over thirty dollars, may be paid, half in cash and half in premium note on *Life Policies.*

Office of the company in the Bank of Cape Fear in Raleigh.

All communications for the office in Raleigh must be addressed to R. H. BATTLE, Sec'y.
March 8 177-d3m. Raleigh N. C

A. A. WILLARD,

Formerly of Washington, N. C., late of Greensboro', N. C.,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Groceries and General Merchandize,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 30 North Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

REFER TO

Rev. C. H. Wiley, Superintendent Public Schools for the State, Greensboro, N. C.
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Rev. W. E. Pell, Editor of *Sentinel*, Raleigh.
Joseph Potts, Esq., Washington, N. C.
Messrs. James C Turner & Sons, Baltimore.
Messrs. Dowley, Corner & Co., New York.
Wilmington, Jan 9, 127, 6m.

Personal attention given to the sale or shipment of

Cotton, Naval Stores, &c.

All produce, consigned to me for shipment, to Messrs Dowley, Corners & Co., New York, will be insured from the point of shipment—parties advising me as soon as the goods are sent forward.

MERCHANDIZE

received and forwarded with promptness and at moderate charges.

A full supply of

GROCERIES,

kept constantly in store, which will be sold at low figures for cash.

Agent for the sale of Marvin & Co.'s celebrated

FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES,

with Marvin's Patent Powder-proof Locks—key weighing only one quarter of an ounce. These Safes are *warranted* free from dampness, and are sold at manufacturer's prices, and will be forwarded through Wilmington without charge for storage or forwarding.

75 Bales of Cotton Yarn, and 4-4 Brown Sheeting,

for sale. Address, A. A. WILLARD,
Wilmington, N. C
January 26, 142, 6m.

Sugar.

REFINED and Cuba Sugar for sale by
A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Cuba Molasses.

IN hogsheads and barrels, for sale by
A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

CORN! CORN!!

8000 Bushels prime White Corn in Store, and for sale by A. A. WILLARD,
March 9-179 tf Wilmington N. C.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

700 Bbls. Fine, Super and Family, now landing and daily expecting. For sale by
A. A. WILLARD,
March 9 179-tf Wilmington, N. C.

Bacon.

5000 POUNDS of Shoulders, bright and dry, for sale by A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2 148 tf

Candles.

150 BOXES "Adamantine" for sale by
A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2, 148 tf

Coffee.

RIO and Java Coffee for sale by
A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington Feb 2 148 tf

SALISBURY BRASS BAND

REORGANIZED 1st January, 1866, on a larger scale than formerly, under the direction of its former tutor, W. H. NEAVE, who was also chief music writer and Band Teacher in Gen. Lee's army. He will be assisted in leadership and direction by his brother, Ed. Neave, bandmaster the entire last war of Gen. Lee's best and most favorite band, viz: 4th N. C. The Band is composed of the best members of the old Band together with the best members of several of the fine Bands trained by W. H. Neave, in camps, who have moved to Salisbury from all parts in the State to follow their respective vocations and continue the study and practice of music. This Band will be a permanent institution for all State and festive occasions, and will equal the best to be found in the world, if sustained by those desiring a fine order of Brass and String music. If not, it must go down after this year.

W. H. Neave is also agent for the celebrated Dodsworth Brass instruments, proved and warranted to him, and by him to others; also, the most pleasing, effective and popular Piano music, selected by his friends, C. C. Dodsworth and Kent Botsford, New York. For beginners, medium players, and advanced musicians, no trash for either.

Music composed and arranged to order for Parlor, Orchestral and Brass Band use for any kind and number of instruments.

Salisbury has been selected for Musical Headquarters for its central position.

N. B. Made letters of enquiry for musical information, but with no view to business with Mr. Neave or Band, must contain two postage stamps.

March 15, 183, tf

NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER
GOODS
FOR 1866.

NEW LINE STILL AHEAD.

Makes her trips regular and ahead of time.

A. CREECH

AGAIN has the pleasure to inform his old friends, his new friends—his old customers and new customers, and every body else that wants Goods, *that he has just returned from the North*, where he selected with great care, and with an *eye single* to their wants, one of the largest and most complete stocks of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

he ever had the pleasure to offer them, either during or since the war.

A large and beautiful assortment of

Ladies' Dress Goods,

embracing the newest and leading styles of the season.

A large assortment of

Gentlemen's, Youths' and Boys' Goods,
Ladies' Summer Wrappings,
Ladies, Misses and Children's Trimmed Hats, new shapes,
Ladies, Misses and Children's Hoop Skirts,
Ladies, Misses and Children's Balmoral Shoes, Gaiters,
Slippers, Parasols, Bonnets, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., &c.
Gents and Boys' Kid, Calf and Cloth Gaiters.
Gents, Boys and Children's Straw, Leghorn, Braid and Pedlar Hats for Summer,
Crockery and Glass Ware,
Wood and Willow Ware,

together with a good stock of first class

FAMILY GROCERIES, &c.

In fact, in a few days my stock will be complete. Now I don't pretend to say that I am selling goods at New York prices, I say no such thing. I do it in no such humbuggery. But I say I have sold goods as cheap, I expect to sell as cheap, and I say I will sell as cheap as any Yankee, Jew or Gentile, who has paid for his goods or ever expects to pay for them, cost houses not excepted. To prove what I say, and what I mean, I respectfully ask my friends and customers to call and examine my stock at the old R Smith Building, corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Streets.

A. CREECH.
Raleigh, March 14, 182, 3w
*** Standard and Progress copy.

NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JAN. 7TH, 1866 trains will run as follows:

Going West.

	Mail Train.	Freight Train
Leave Goldsboro,	5.10 P M	4 15 A M
" Raleigh,	9 00 "	9.00 "
" Hillsboro,	11.48 "	12.25 P M
" Greensboro,	3.10 A M	4 40 "
" Salisbury,	7.00 "	9 15 "
Arrive at Charlotte,	9.50 "	1.00 A M

Going East.

	Mail Train.	Freight Train
Leave Charlotte,	3 00 P M	4 30 A M
" Salisbury,	6 05 "	8 40 "
" Greensboro,	10 00 "	12 50 P M
" Hillsboro,	1.20 A M	5.00 "
" Raleigh,	4 30 "	8 45 "
Arrive at Goldsboro,	7.45 "	12.40 A M

Mail Train connects at Raleigh with the R. & G. R. Trains for the North; at Goldsboro with the A & N. C. and W. & W R. Rds; at Greensboro with the Piedmont R. R., and runs daily.

Freight Train has a Passenger Car attached for the accommodation of passengers and runs daily, Sunday excepted.

E. WILKES,
Engineer and Superintendent.
Jan 11, 129, 3m.

CHANGE OF TIME.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
Superintendent's Office.
Raleigh, N. C., Feb 15th, 1866.

ON and after Monday, Feb. 19th, 1866, trains will run as follows:

Passenger Train leaves Raleigh,	4 30 A M
Arrives at Weldon,	11.00 do
Leaves Weldon,	1.30 P M
Arrives at Raleigh,	8 30 do

Freight and Accommodation Train leaves Raleigh on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7.00 A M, and arrives at Weldon 5.00 P M.

This train leaves Raleigh from the Raleigh and Gaston Depot in the Northern part of the City.

Freight and Accommodation Train leaves Weldon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5.00 A M, and arrives at Raleigh 4.00 P M.

By this change in the Passenger Train, connections are made with the Seaboard and Roanoke Rail Road as well as by the upper route via Richmond.

Way passengers can be accommodated by the Freight and Accommodation Train if they think proper to do so.

For *through tickets* to any of the principal cities North, apply at the office in Raleigh.

ALBERT JOHNSON,
Gen. Superintendent
A. S. BARDEN, General Ag nt.
Feb 17, 161, 3m

HENSHAW & THORBURN
COMMISSION & SHIPPING MERCHANTS,
MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.

☞ Business solicited. 74 6ms

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, AT RICHMOND.

SPRING AND SUMMER SESSION 1866.

A REGULAR Course of Lectures in this Institution will commence on the 16th of April and continue four months. At the close of the term, examinations for the Degree will take place. All the requisite facilities for instruction are at the command of the Faculty, including access to a Hospital containing 350 beds.

FEES: Matriculation $5;—Professors Tickets $105; Demonstrator of Anatomy $10; Graduation $30.

For further information, address

L. S. JOYNES, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.
March 21, 190, d&w4t Richmond Va.

Buckwheat and Early Garden Peas.

VERY superior Buckwheat at 7 per cents per pound by the 25 pounds. Early Washington and Marrowfat Garden Peas at 30 cents a quart.

COWPER & MOORE.
Feb. 24, 167, tf.

FOR 1866

BRADLEY'S CELEBRATED DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

Bradley's Patent

or, Double Spring

SKIRTS.

EACH HOOP BEING COMPOSED OF TWO PERfectly Tempered Single Springs, braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, forming one hoop and making the *strongest* and most *flexible*, the *lightest* and most *durable spring* made.

They will not bend or break like the *single springs*, but will always preserve their *perfect* and *beautiful shape*, in all

Crowded Assemblages,
Churches,
Theatres,
Railroad Cars,
For Promenade or House Dress,

In fact, they are superior to all others, combining

Comfort,
Economy,
Lightness and Durability.

Enquire for

Bradley's Duplex Elliptic or Double Spring Skirt.

For sale *everywhere* Manufactured exclusively by the sole owners of the patent,

Wests, Bradley & Cary,

97 *Chambers and* 79 *and* 81 *Reade Sts, New York.*

A full assortment of these Superior Skirts constantly on hand, and for sale in a great variety of sizes, by

W H & R S. TUCKER,
KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO,
A. KLINE,
RANDALL & MANN,

And all other Merchants who sell First Class Skirts in this City and throughout the Southern States.

Jan 9, 147, 3ms.

O. G. PARSLEY, } JOHN JUDGE, } { O. G. PARSLEY, JR. HENRY SAVAGE

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.

Importers
AND
Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Solicit Consignments for Sale or Shipments.

Cotton,
Cotton Yarns,
Domestics,
Naval Stores,
And other
COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Have always in Store, and are receiving constantly, consignments, for sale at lowest market rates, of

Gunny Bagging, Gunny Bags,
Bale Rope, Mess Pork,
Bacon Sides and Shoulders,
Sugar, Coffee, Molasses,
Flour, Butter, Cheese,
Irish Potatoes, Onions,
Crackers, Mackerel,
Pickled Herring,
Smoked Herring,
Codfish, Nails,
Powder, Shot,
Window Glass, Paints,
Linseed, Kerosene, Tanners', and Lubricating Oils, in 5-gal. cans & bbls.,
Whiskey,
Jamaica Rum and Gin
Soap, Candles,
Starch, Salt, Lime, &c., &c., &c.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. F. Coe's Suffer Phosphate of Lime.

AGENTS FOR

DUPONT'S POWDER.

300 Hhds New Crop Molasses, direct from Cardenas, daily expected.
To arrive during February or March:—
2,000 Bags Coffee direct from Rio Janeiro.
200 Hhds Sugar direct from Porto Rico.
Jan. 1-170-3m.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
No. 14 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

GEO. W. SWEPSON, R. W. PULLIAM.

JUST RECEIVED,

Muscovado Molasses,
Extra C Sugars,
Prime Factory Cheese,
No. 1 Mackerel in Kitts.

Offered to the trade at LOWEST PRICES.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
March 20, 187, tf. 14 Fayetteville Street

IN STORE

10 bbls Spirits Turpentine in perfect order.
1000 Bunches Sea Cotton. Best quality in fine order in bales of 250 lb. bunches each.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
March 20-187-tf 14 Fayetteville St.

PROPOSALS.

Will be received, by the undersigned, for furnishing the Insane Asylum with 700 lightwood posts, 7 feet long and 5 inches square.

ALSO, 7000 feet of good heart plank, 16 feet long by 6 inches wide, and one inch thick—all to be delivered at the Asylum.

E. C. FISHER,
March 22, 189, 1w Superintendent.

A. J. DEROSSET, WM. L. DEROSSET, GRAHAM DAVIS.

DEROSSETT & CO.,
Formerly DeRossett & Brown.
(Established in 1839.)
General Commission Merchants,
No. 6 NORTH WATER ST.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

WILL give personal attention to the purchase and sale of Produce of every description, and to receiving and forwarding goods.
Feb 23, 165, 6m.

THOS. W. DAVIS. KIMBRO JONES, JR.

DAVIS & JONES,
GROCERS,
AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 26 Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEP constantly on hand a very large supply of
FAMILY GROCERIES,
consisting of
Bacon, Lard,
Flour, Meal, Corn, Copperas,
Buckwheat, Cheese,
Pickled Oysters,
Champagne, Ale
Porter, Bladder Snuff,
Soda and Butter Crackers,
Tea Cakes, Percussion Caps,
Salt, Fish, &c., &c.
—ALSO—
Wood and Willow Ware,
Hardware,
Powder and Shot,
Soaps of all kinds,
Farming Implements of all descriptions, &c

We respectfully solicit consignments of
Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Iron, &c.,
and
COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All consignments shall receive personal and prompt attention.
DAVIS & JONES.
Feb 1, 36d 1y

A. A. MOFFITT, W. D. MOFFITT, JOHN S'LAUGHTER

MOFFITT, BRO. & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
No. 4 South Water Street,
Wilmington, N. C.,

WILL give prompt Personal attention to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores, General Produce, &c., &c. Also to receiving and forwarding goods.
Orders solicited and promptly filled.
Jan. 27. 142. 6m

JACOB KULL & SONS,
PETERSBURG, VA.,
Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,
KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS!
which we offer low to Jobbers.
Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.
November 23 91-6m-pd.

1866.

ATTRACTIVE SPRING STOCK
OF
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Trade to our very desirable and choice stock of
American and British Fancy Dress Goods,
among which may be found the latest styles *imported this season*, together with an extensive assortment of superior
STAPLE GOODS,
AND
NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS.

We particularly call the attention of Merchants visiting this city to our large stock of
DOMESTIC GOODS,
and hesitate not to say that we are prepared to offer extra inducements. Our stock is new and fresh embracing a general assortment of desirable Goods—all recently purchased at reduced rates and will be offered at prices to suit the trade at our Wholesale Ware Room on Second Floor of Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.,
where Capt. Edward Graham and Mr. John McNeese will be glad to see their old friends and the Trade generally.

McILWAINE & CO.
Petersburg, Va., March 15, 183, 2m

PULASKI COWPER. JAMES A. MOORE

COWPER & MOORE,
AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Fayetteville Street,
Opposite Pescud's Drug Store,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL sell all kinds of produce and goods of any description, on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts against parties residing in the city of Raleigh or in the county of Wake, and will buy and sell on Commission,
Real Estate,
Gold and Silver Coin,
State Bonds,
Stocks, and
Bank Notes.

Consignments solicited. COWPER & MOORE.
Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Metropolitan Insurance Company.
108 & 110 BROADWAY N. Y.
A FIRST CLASS COMPANY
CASH CAPITAL $1,000,000.
Surplus over $400,000.
Office in Bank of Cape Fear, Raleigh.

R. H. BATTLE,
March-17-185-law4w. Agent.
Standard copy once a week for four weeks.

FINE CLOTHS.

In Store several pieces of fine Black and Drab Cloths on Consignment.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
March 22, 189, tf Agent.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, SEATON GALES. } Editors.

Friday, March 30, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month	1 00
" two months	2 00
Semi-Weekly per year,	5 00
Weekly per year,	2 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

First of April.

On this day, we shall reluctantly discontinue the *Sentinel* to all who have not paid. We do not do this because we doubt the integrity of any one, or because we think our friends will not pay us, but we are compelled to this course from sheer necessity. Every thing we use we are compelled to pay the *cash* for; hence, we are obliged to do business strictly on the *cash principle*, after the 31st day of the present month.

We find that, from haste or other causes, errors have occurred on our mail books. In all cases we are glad to rectify errors. If any error, occurs, write us at once, and we will correct it promptly.

Our Exchanges.

We are anxious to reciprocate professional courtesies with all our exchanges, by inserting all the Prospectuses sent us, but, in some cases, they are too long for our crowded columns.—Hence we shall be obliged to curtail them.

The Veto.

The President sent to the Senate, on Wednesday, the expected veto of the insidious and iniquitous Civil Rights Bill. On our first page will be found an abstract of this admirable document, which, judging from the meagre and imperfect summary of its contents, is, like his veto of the Freedmen's Bill, unanswerable in its logic and lofty in its patriotism.

The President has thus again commended himself to the country at large, as a wise and patriotic ruler, and to the people of the South, especially, as a magnanimous and beneficent protector. Day by day the conflict between the Executive and the Radicals grows in intensity, and each hour it more and more behooves our people to present a united front in support of his policy. He is the sole breakwater against the mad and rushing waves of faction, and every act, on our part, tending to weaken the force of his position, is in the highest degree reprehensible.

It is gratifying to see that while all good men in this country recognize and applaud the exalted motives and action of the President, the sagacious and the observing in Europe, as well, are not unappreciative of his grand position.—In this connection the London *Times* remarks:

"*He surely, if any man ever did, occupies nobly and worthily a great historic position. The destinies of millions of the human race depend upon him, and he rises fully to the height of the occasion. Men whose nerves are shaken by the holiday politics of such a country as ours will stand aghast at the audacity with which President Johnson confronts his adversaries.* They possess large majorities in both Houses of Congress. They wield at their pleasure the committees to which are delegated in America so many of the functions here discharged by the Executive Government. They are supported by many States, by a host of preachers, and by legions of unscrupulous fanatics. To all this the President has nothing to oppose but his veto, his patronage, the power of conducting the Executive Government, and his own firm spirit of indomitable resolution.—Yet the duel is not so unequal as might be supposed. The issue which has been so long maturing is at last ready for trial. *The people of America must now decide whether the great civil war they have waged was worth waging at all.*—They fought for the Union, and now that they have obtained it, a large party seems disposed to reject the very object of the contest. They appear to have no choice between bringing back the South into the institutions of the country and holding it down by main force. We do not doubt that the President has decided on the wiser course, and we wish him all success in his *mission of mercy and justice.* No man has ever struggled in a nobler cause, and it is better to fail in such an enterprise than to succeed in a policy of tyranny, confiscation, and proscription."

The PRESIDENT'S VETO was doubtless considered in the Senate on yesterday. If those who voted to sustain his former veto remain firm, there need be no apprehension as to the result, notwithstanding the tyrannical and unscrupulous action of the Radical majority in depriving Senator Stockton of his seat, and thereby outraging the popular will of a sovereign, "loyal" State. His claims to his seat were so incontestible, that the Committee to whom the matter was referred, were compelled, notwithstanding their political prejudices, to report in his favor, but in defiance of law, right, honor, and every other moral consideration, the majority have ousted him in order to make way for a Republican successor. What is to become of the country, when such atrocious infamies are perpetrated in the face of high heaven?

"We learn also that the Legislature removed at least one-half of the loyal Justices of the Peace appointed by the Provisional Governor, and filled their places with rampant secessionists."—*Standard.*

The late Provisional Governor was himself at the head of the list of Magistrates appointed for the County of Wake. If there had been any disposition to practice the proscriptive spirit, with which the Legislature is falsely charged, what fitter opportunity for its exhibition could have been presented than this?

The *Standard's* test of "loyalty" is support of the Provisional Governor in the last November election. This being the case, he must have made some awful mistakes in appointing "loyal" Justices. In the County of Forsythe, for example, he failed to get as many votes *as he had appointed Magistrates!*

WASHINGTON, March 28.

Senator Foote died in this city at 8 o'clock this morning.

Forcibly Put.

A writer in the New York *Express* thus presents the dilemma in which the Radicals have placed themselves by denying representation to the Southern States. Says the writer:

"It is necessary that two-thirds of the States in the Union should ratify an amendment to the Constitution, before it becomes part of the law of the land.

"The Radicals themselves say that slavery has been abolished by a constitutional amendment so ratified. The Secretary of State has officially announced the amendment to the people of the United States and to the world.

"But, to ratify this amendment, *States lately in rebellion had to pass upon it before it became a law, and they did so pass,* and without their action the ratification could not have taken place.

"They *did act* as States in the Union, and Radicals and Conservatives and all acknowledged their action as effective, as legitimate, as the action of any State that had *not* been in rebellion, and without this acknowledgment the amendment falls to the ground—without the acknowledgment of the Secretary of State, that those States ratifying the amendment *were* and *are in* the Union, the announcement from the State Department that *slavery has forever been abolished by the change in the Constitution,* is nothing but a FARCE.

"Therefore, if we say that the Amendment abolishing slavery is a *legal one,* we at the same time necessarily assert that the *Powers* which *made* the amendment are legal also. But what do the Disunionists say? They boldly assert that some of the States which ratified the amendment abolishing slavery are *out* of the Union. If this be so, then *the Amendment has not been made to the Constitution, and slavery still exists* in all those States which formerly or now held slaves under their statutes. *Slavery is not* abolished. Upon the other hand, if we say that the Amendment stands, then so do the *States that made* it, and and every one of them is entitled to the rights of States *in* the Union—and among those rights is the right of *Representation,* which is now denied them by the Radicals, who declare that they are *out* of the Union."

Freedmen's Bureau.

We are indebted to the Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, at this place, for the following official copy of an order just issued on the subject of marriage. It will be perceived that it is framed in conformity with the recent act of our State Legislature "concerning negroes and persons of color or of mixed blood":

BUREAU OF REFUGEES, FREEDMEN AND ABANDONED LANDS.

Headquarters Asst. Comm'r, State of N. C.
Raleigh, N. C., March 21, 1866.

CIRCULAR, }
No. 2. }

In accordance with instructions from Major General O. O. Howard, Commissioner, the following extracts from chapter sixty-eight, Revised Code of North Carolina, and from an act ratified on the tenth day of March, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, entitled "An Act concerning Negroes and Persons of Color, or of mixed blood," are published for the instruction of freedmen on the subject of marriage.

II. The only persons authorized to solemnize the rites of matrimony are "ordained Ministers of the Gospel of every denomination and Justices of the Peace."

III. License to marry may be procured by applying to "the Clerk of the County Court of the County in which the woman resides."

IV. "Every Justice of the Peace, or Minister of the Gospel, who may solemnize the rites of matrimony, shall, within three months thereafter, transmit to the Clerk of the County Court of the County wherein such marriage may have been celebrated, a certificate, in writing, of the same, indorsed on the license or otherwise; which certificate properly indorsed, the Clerk shall record in a book kept for the purpose, within one month after its reception; and such record shall be deemed *prima facie* evidence of the marriage."

V. Marriage is prohibited to "females under the age of fifteen years, and males under the age of sixteen;" also "between persons nearer of kin than first cousins," and "between white persons and persons of color."

VI. "In all cases where men and women, both or one of whom were lately slaves, and are now emancipated, now cohabit together in the relation of husband and wife, the parties shall be deemed to have been lawfully married as man and wife, at the time of the commencement of such cohabitation, although they may not have been married in due form of law. And all persons whose cohabitation is hereby ratified into a state of marriage, shall go before the clerk of the court of pleas and quarter sessions of the county in which they reside, at his office, or before some justice of the peace, and acknowledge the fact of such cohabitation, and the time of its commencement; and the clerk shall enter the same in a book kept for that purpose; and if the acknowledgment be made before a justice of the peace, such justice shall report the same in writing to the clerk of the court of pleas and quarter sessions, and the clerk shall enter the same as though the acknowledgment had been made before him, and such entry shall be deemed *prima facie* evidence of the allegations therein contained. For making such entry and giving a certificate of the same, the clerk shall be entitled to a fee of twenty-five cents, to be paid by the party for whom the services are rendered." "If any such persons shall fail to go before the clerk of the county court, or some justice of the peace of the county in which they reside, and have their marriage recorded before the first day of September, 1866, they shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and punished at the discretion of the court, and their failure for each month thereafter shall constitute a separate and distinct offence."

VII. All officers and agents of this Bureau will take means to publish the foregoing rules to all freedmen within their districts, so that none may be left in ignorance on this important subject. By diligent instruction and urgent appeals to the conscience of the colored people, it is hoped that the evils and vices now prevalent among them, may be corrected.

[Official.] E. WHITTLESEY,
Col. and Asst. Commissioner.

FRED. H. BRECHER,
2d Lt., 3rd U. S. Inf. & A. A. A. G.

MR. STEVENS AND THE GEORGIA SENATORSHIP.—A Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* asserts that Mr. Stephens' final acceptance of the Georgia Senatorship was in consequence of an assurance from high officials in that city, that he would be admitted to his seat, and the President is determined to do his best to secure that admission. His case is not an isolated one.

Editors of the National Intelligencer:

In the interior of North Carolina they have had no regular mail since Gen. Lee's surrender; consequently, the people know but very little of what has transpired since that time. They do not even know what was transacted in their Convention nor Legislature, only as they have been told. It is owing to this fact, more than anything else, that a number of former rebels were elected to Congress. I will cite a case in one Congressional district, that may be considered a fair example.

We knew nothing of the election until about two weeks before it came off. I believe it was the next day after we heard there was to be an election for members of Congress that Mr. —— addressed the people at our county-seat. He had no competitor that canvassed the district, and, of course, had everything his own way.—He, like the generality of people under similar circumstances, showed the bright side to as much advantage as possible. Not having the advantage of the mails and press, we were not able to find out but comparatively little about him until after the election. He had two other competitors, one of whom, at least, was said to be a good Union man. For similar reasons, we could find out but very little about them. A great many persons were not satisfied, and so did not vote; but, under the circumstances, Mr. —— had greatly the advantage, and was elected. About the time of the election I happened in an edge of the district where they had a weekly mail, and a little county paper; and what did I see? I read a piece stating that up to the time of Mr. Lincoln's proclamation of April 15, 1861, Mr. —— had been a good Union man. Soon after that event a meeting was held at the place of his residence, to take into consideration the condition of the country. This gentleman made a speech in which he said "I am not like my friend Mr. ——, (who had preceded him;) I have nothing to regret at dissolving the Union. I acknowledge that I was wrong in adhering to the Union, and that the secessionists were right." He soon afterwards volunteered into the Southern army, shed all the blood he could, did all he could to tread the flag of his country in the dirt, and at length was elected to the Confederate Congress, and served in that capacity until the thing went up with Lee's surrender; and then, to make a good swap, he offered and was elected to a seat in the United States Congress. Now it is to be regretted that such a man, at such a time, would offer his services, and in the next place, that the people elected him. Now, this state of things was doubtless attributable to a lack of mail facilities more than anything else.

The foregoing precious *morceau* is an extract from a letter of Bryan Tyson, of Montgomery county, to the *National Intelligencer.* We have nothing to say about Mr. Tyson, himself, though we conceive that no one, save and except his own peculiar self, can see the *sequitur*, that "former" rebels were elected to Congress because of the absence of regular mails. The allegation is an imputation upon the intelligence of the people, who are, generally, fully posted as to the course pursued by their prominent men during the war.

But to the point: Mr. Tyson, of course, alludes to Mr. Fuller, as the gentleman who "acknowledged that the secessionists were right," who "was elected to the Confederate Congress," &c. Now, Mr. Little, who opposed him, at the late election, for a seat in the Congress of the United States, explicitly stated, in an Address to the people of the District, that he thought he could take the oath,—having preserved his Union consistency throughout the war. Although our preferences in the contest were for Mr. Ashe, until he announced his unwillingness to be considered a candidate, we should have been gratified, after that withdrawal, at Mr. Little's election. Not so the *Standard.* It warmly espoused the cause of Mr Fuller, who could *not* take the oath, and who is here charged by Mr. Tyson with having said so many naughty things.

Yet *we* are charged with opposing men because they *could* take the test oath, and supporting those who would not; while the *Standard's* skirts are so immaculate! What was it FALSTAFF said, about a certain proclivity of this world?

Negro Suffrage.

The States fix the *status* of their own citizens, and confer or withhold, as best promotes the general welfare, civil and political rights within their Constitutional jurisdiction. Suffrage is an inherent political right of the States. To force upon them the surrender of this right, Congress changes utterly the character of the government, denudes the States of their inalienable rights, and centralizes all power at Washington.

The Southern States will not allow universal suffrage for any consideration. When they are satisfied it will promote the common good, and that any particular class deserve it, they will confer it upon that class. They will give all necessary civil rights to the negro, as required by the conqueror, but negro suffrage can never be forced upon the Southern States.

THE *Standard* bases an additional charge of disloyalty against the people of its own State, upon the ground that the various towns refused to ratify the Provisional Governor's appointments of Mayors and Commissioners. This is simply a paraphrase of the old assertion, that the people are faithless to their *sworn* obligations, because they preferred Gov. Worth to the Senior Editor of the *Standard!*

The *Standard* is as blind as an adder—and as venomous, too. It is really remarkable that that paper cannot perceive the storm of popular indignation which its course is exciting. We see it, and hear it, every day. Its wholesale detraction of our people is the subject of universal comment, and still it perseveres in its really criminal folly. "Whom the gods wish to destroy they first make mad."

WASHINGTON COLLEGE.—It affords us pleasure to inform our readers, that the number of students at Washington College, Lexington, Va., has recently been increased by large additions, and under the wise management of that noble patriot and soldier, General R. E. Lee, we have no doubt it will take rank with the first institutions of learning in the United States. These students are not from the Southern States alone, but many come from States north of the Potomac.

MEETING TO SUPPORT PRESIDENT JOHNSON.—The national mass meeting, to take place in Washington on Wednesday night, in support of President Johnson's policy, bids fair to be an imposing demonstration.

IF PRESIDENT LINCOLN were alive, he would find himself in singular antagonism with the dictators of the party that elected him. *His* fear was that the Southern States would, in a spirit of contumacy, refuse to appear in Congress; and he desired a Constitutional amendment which should force them to send their representatives. His apprehensions of the practical dissolution of the Union, in this manner, have proved wholly groundless. When the South yielded the struggle, it renounced it honestly. The States have all chosen their representatives, and sent them to take part in the general council. But what would be the astonishment of the late President, could he see that what he was anxious to secure even by a Constitutional compulsion, his own peculiar friends and partisans will not permit? That the practical disunion which he feared from the South, has come from the North? That the invitations and all the pledges offered to the Southern States, and all the protestations made to the world, during the progress of the fight, are dishonored by those who made them, now that the fight is over; and that the success of a war, waged avowedly for the Union, is perverted to the destruction of the Union?

[From the National Intelligencer.]

The true Duties of Congress Neglected---Its Four Month's War upon the President and upon the South.

It is close upon four months since the assembling of Congress, and there has literally been nothing done but to wage vindictive war upon the Executive and upon the prostrate and subdued South. In the latter respect, the achievment of Mr. Stevens' bondmen in Congress has been like that of Falstaff in piercing through and through the dead body of the great Percy. Like Falstaff, who, upon receiving a purse of gold to raise recruits to put down rebellion, exclaimed, "God be praised for these rebels," the disunion conspirators keep up a lucrative vocation by continuing the war against the Southern people. All through the war the soldiers on both sides, during the brief moments of truce, invariably exhibited the sublimest of Christian virtues by fraternizing cordially, by reciprocating mutual wants, and by acknowledging that the machinations of politicians had originally precipitated hostilities, and who were the obstacles to that peaceful solution that the soldiers themselves could immediately remove. If a national convention of delegates of business men of the country—merchants, manufacturers, farmers and mechanics—could be invested with power to determine whether or not the South should enjoy representation in Congress, as the finishing touch to her present constitutional status within the Union, there can hardly be a doubt that there would be an almost unanimous response in the affirmative.

But the magnanimous sentiments that inspired General Grant to let those whom our disunion demagogues are fond of calling "traitors in arms" "*go to their homes, where they should not be molested,*" are not shared by the heroes of bloodless partisan battles for objects of party aggrandizement. They have a holier horror of rebellion than those who crushed it out where "death rode on the sulphury siroc."

The respect and honor that heroes feel for brave foemen have no place in the hearts or thoughts of modern partisans, who, making politics a trade, institute a keen calculation as to the inducements there would be to them personally, in the way of patronage, if a deluge of life-blood were brought upon a smiling land. During the protracted prosecution of the civil war, upon a scale of grandeur never before equalled, when the results of battle were doubtful or "hung in even scale," they were guilty, for selfish party purposes, of giving aid and comfort to "traitors in arms," at our very hearthstones, by stabbing in the back some of the most illustrious of our captains.

And now, when Gen. Grant has pardoned the rebel armies, and allowed them *to go home, where they are not to be molested,* the demagogues in question are striving to keep up a degree of hostility to the Southern people which had no place in the minds of soldiers, even in the rage of battle.

Thus, when Mr. Lincoln, Mr. Seward, and Mr. Blair essayed pacification long before the war had terminated, the demagogues in position and of the press manifested damaging doubt or ill-concealed hostility to the proceeding. So when Generals Grant and Sherman exhibited qualities of mercy to the rebel armies, a violent form of opposition to the acts of these great soldiers was not altogether restrained, although exhibitions of that kind at that period were felt to be full of peril. It is a matter of military record that while General Lee counselled Jefferson Davis to a cessation of hostilities by reason of the exceeding feebleness of the rebel armies, whose soldiers were for peace, Mr. Davis by no means favored or furthered the proposition. At that hour of extreme peril the politicians of the South, with a few exceptions, were for continued war, with its deaths, and distresses, and devastations.

So when Mr. Lincoln proposed the restoration of loyal State Governments through the action of State conventions, to be elected by a tenth of the people of a State, the politicians raged fearfully against him in private, but not in public. So, when the present President, discarding as utterly unworthy all feelings of personal resentment and revengefulness, proceeded to restore the late rebel States to loyal relations with the Federal head and with sister States, by demanding great concessions from them, but little opposition was publicly manifested, when there was so general an acclamation of approval, but a secret conspiracy was formed to defeat the object. The result of that conspiracy of persecuting politicians has been seen in four months of unceasing and bitter warfare upon a policy whose first foundations were laid by Mr. Lincoln, upon which his successor has raised practically a fabric against which the winds and storms of party proscription shall not finally prevail. But at present the effects are seen in a decided Congressional paralysis, in stagnation of business, and in a disheartening pressure upon the popular mind.

Let the colored people resolve to improve their condition by industry and economy. Let them estimate industry or labor as one of the chief virtues, for without that they can do nothing. With it they can acquire property, and gradually educate their children. Let them bear in mind that the help now extended to them by the government, will be withdrawn after a while, and that much depends on the use they make of that help. Let them also cultivate the good will of the white people, and do nothing to offend or injure those among whom their lot has been cast. And let them especially set their faces against those of their own color who are lazy, dissipated, and thievish; and if they cannot reform and save them, let them dis own them and cut them off from their company.—*Standard.*

The Georgia Legislature has passed the stay law over the Governor's veto, and a law punishing horse stealing and burglary with death.

MARRIED.

At the residence of the late Wesley Jones, in this County, on yesterday, 29th, by Rev. William E. Pell, Dr. WILLIAM G. HILL, of this City, to Miss RACHEL P. JONES.

In Robeson county, on the 13th ult. by Rev. Hector McNeil, ALEX. McDOUGALD, M. D., of Richmond, to Miss HARRIET N., daughter of Alex. Graham, deceased.

By the Rev. A. Everett Owen, at Jackson, N. C., March 22, 1866, Mr. JOSEPH A COLLIER, of Greensville, Va., to Miss ADELIA BOON, of Northampton, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VANCE, DOWD & JOHNSTON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Having associated themselves together, will practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg, Iredell, Catawba, Davidson, Rowan, Cabarrus and Union, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts.

Claims collected any where in the State.

Mar 30-196 tf.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALES!

MONDAY of Superior Court week, will be sold at Towles's Auction Sale, to commence at 10 o'clock:

Several good Mules and Horses,
One single horse Wagon.
One fine Buggy, good as new.
One fine double barrel Gun—original cost $50
Several new pocket Pistols
One Mahogany folding Table.
One fine new Wardrobe.

One barrel of good Syrup, in quantities to suit families, and other merchandize.

Also, the entire collection of excellent Furniture and Household and Kitchen utensils belonging to Mr. A. J. Partin—a rare chance for purchasing good articles at low rates.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Auct'r.

March 30 196 tds.

PURE APPLE BRANDY!

IN STORE AND FOR SALE

BY THE BARREL.

FOUR BARRELS OF APPLE BRANDY—two of them cider pressed and equal to the best Nash Brandy.

ALSO,

A few barrels of excellent CORN WHISKEY.

Call and examine, at my establishment, opposite the Montague House, near the Depot of the N. C. R. R.

M. M. SHOFFNER.

Raleigh, March 30-196 2t.

HAVENS & LATHAM,

SOUTH EAST CORNER OF CRAVEN AND SOUTH FRONT STS.,

NEWBERN, N. C.,

Solicit consignments of

COTTON YARNS,
DRIED FRUIT, &c.,

and will give particular attention to the purchasing and shipping all kinds of GRAIN. Orders from the West will receive their prompt attention.

Refer to:

MITCHELL & ALLEN,
Newbern, N. C.
W. B. GULICK,
PULASKI COWPER,
R. S. TUCKER,
Raleigh, N. C.
D. W. C. BENBOW,
JNO. SLOAN,
Greensboro, N. C.
HENRY TATE,
Charlotte N. C.
BROWN & MOTT,
Salisbury, N. C.
F. D. STOCKTON,
Statesville, N. C.

Newbern, March 30-196 1m.

A CARD:

To the Ladies of Raleigh, my Physicians, Landlord and numerous friends, and especially to those young gentleman who assiduously watched over me at night, my thanks are due, and are hereby tendered, for their attention, kindness and favors so lavishly, kindly and generously bestowed during my recent severe and critical illness in this place,

P MURPHY,

Exchange Hotel, Raleigh, Mar. 29-195-2t.

FRESH GROUND FAMILY FLOUR

In Barrels,
Sacks and
Quarter Sacks,

Of fine quality—in store and for Sale by

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

March 29 195-tf.

SCYTHES! SCYTHES! SCYTHES!!

10 dozen Scythe Blades,
5 dozen Grass Scythes,

For sale by B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Raleigh, March 29 195 tf.

DR. WILSON'S SCHOOL.

MELVILLE ALAMANCE CO. N. C.

THE exercises of this School were resumed on Feb. 1st.

A number of pupils can yet be received.

DR. JNO. WILSON, A. M., formerly of Milton N. C., is now associated with the Subscriber, and actively engaged in the School.

For Circular, apply to him or the undersigned.

ALEX. WILSON, D. D.

Mar. 27. eow8ws. pd.

Portable Grist Mills.

Having been appointed Agent for the Sale of PORTABLE GRIST MILLS, manufactured in New York, we are prepared to receive orders for, and will furnish the same at the following prices, viz:

24 in. stone	$250,	grinds	8 to 10	bush.	per hr.	6 to 8	horse,
30 " "	325	"	10 " 15	"	"	8 " 10	"
33 " "	375	"	15 " 18	"	"	10 " 12	"
36 " "	425	"	15 " 20	"	"	10 " 12	"
39 " "	500	"	20 " 25	"	"	10 " 15	"
42 " "	550	"	20 " 30	"	"	12 " 15	"

We will also furnish Gearing, Counter Shaft, Tight and Loose Pulleys, for these Mills, at the following prices:

24	inch,	$50
30	"	75
33	"	90
36	"	100
39	"	120
42	"	130.

Cheaper Mills, of less capacity, can be furnished if desired.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO,

March 26-193 tf.

NEW LINE OF STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON, N. C.

SAILING WEEKLY,

And Composed of the Following First Class Steamships:

Chas. W. Lord, (new) Capt. Geo. W. Ward,
Cumberland, Capt. J. W. Johnstone.

The attention of Shippers is specially called to this line. An arrangement has been perfected, by which Goods shipped by this line will be delivered at Goldsboro the next day after delivery from the Steamers at Wilmington. A train leaves here daily, carrying freight and making connections with daily trains on the N. C. R. R.

WORTH & DANIEL,
Agents, Wilmington.

Agents in New York:

C. GOODSPEED, 46 West St.,
C. H. PIERSON, 77 South St.

Wilmington, March 26-193 6t.

1866. SPRING TRADE. 1866.

IN OPENING THE

SPRING TRADE,

I would return my most grateful thanks to the citizens of Petersburg and the surrounding country for the very liberal patronage extended the past season, and hope to merit its further continuance by holding out still further inducements.

My present facilities are beyond doubt unequalled, and no effort will be spared to place before our patrons Goods

AT THE LOWEST PRICE,

that the present market value will admit of, and in many instances much below, as we are constantly represented at the large auction sales, where goods are frequently sold much less than cost of importation. These, with

Many Other Available Facilities,

I pledge myself to use to the best interest of our customers.

The stock is now much larger and better assorted than at any time previous, having added a complete assortment of

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,

Among them the most elegant

Satin Damask,
Lace and Muslin Curtains,
Wine Cloths,
Piano and Table Covers,
Stair Linen,
Linen Druggets,
Table Linen,
Napkins, Doilies,
Towels, Crash

—ALSO—

WHITE GOODS,

Of which I have always kept a good stock, is now replete with everything the market affords. Besides a very handsome stock of

Needlework,
Edgings, Insertings,
Laces and Embroideries.

THE STOCK OF

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Must be seen to be appreciated. I therefore invite all to an inspection, and in catering so well for the ladies, I would assure the gentlemen they have not been forgotten. The assortment of

Cloths,
Cassimeres,
—AND—
Furnishing Goods Generally,

Is complete, and it is hoped those in want of goods of this class will not fail to give us a call.

To the Merchants of

Virginia and North Carolina,

who have so liberally patronized us the past season, I return my most grateful thanks, and solicit an early call, assuring them they will find our goods at as low prices as any house North or South.

THOMAS SMITH,
33 Sycamore Street,
Corner of Bank,
Petersburg, Va.

I have secured the Agency for the States of Virginia and North Carolina, for the sale of the

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

It is undoubtedly the best Family Sewing Machine in existence.

Read the following recommendations:

1st.

Its Simplicity and Great Range of Work.

2nd.

Its making four different Stitches, viz: Lock, Knot Double Lock, Double Knot.

3rd.

The Reverse Feed Motion, operated by simply turning a thumb screw, enabling the operator to run the work to the right or to the left, and convenience of self-fastening the ends of seams.

4th.

The Perfect Finish and substantial manner in which the machine is made.

5th.

The Rapidity of its Working, and the quality of the work done.

6th.

Its Self-Adjusting Tension.

It makes the

Celebrated Elastic Stitch.

BUY

THE BEST!

LOOK BEFORE YOU BUY!!

IT MAKES

NO NOISE

WHILE RUNNING

☞ One thing is settled beyond a doubt: persons wanting Sewing Machines, no longer hesitate which to buy. The FLORENCE leads the world. It needs only to be seen to be appreciated

AGENTS WANTED,

In every town in Virginia and North Carolina.

March 17-4, tf

THE SENTINEL.

Friday, March 30, 1866.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

NEW ADVERTISERS.—We direct attention to the Professional Card of Vance, Dowd and Johnston.

Havens & Latham, Newbern, solicit consignments of cotton yarns, dried fruit, &c., and exhibit a flattering array of references. They are a reliable and enterprising firm, and will give prompt and faithful attention to all business entrusted to them.

Towles will have another attractive Auction on Monday next.

M. M. Shoffner, opposite the Montague House, offers a superior article of Apple Brandy and Corn Whiskey.

We learn that Rev. Wm. Lacy has consented to instruct a class in Vocal Music, with special attention to Church Music. The first lesson will be given this evening, Friday, at the residence of Mrs. H. L. Evans.

Any applications for membership may be made then.

Terms, for a course of fifteen lessons, three dollars. The Jubilee will be chiefly referred to.

NEW CITY CHARTER.—The Board of Commissioners, at their meeting on Wednesday night, fixed upon the 4th Monday of April as the day for our citizens to vote upon the acceptance or rejection of the new City Charter, granted by the late Legislature.

Upon a cursory inspection of its provisions, we detect but few variations from the former Charter. The time of holding the annual municipal elections is changed from the third to the first Monday of January, in each year, and the *maximum* of taxes which the Commissioners were authorized to impose has been somewhat increased.

We regret that the exceeding length of the Charter precludes its publication in our columns. It has, however, been printed in pamphlet form, and doubtless any citizen, upon application to our worthy Mayor, can obtain a copy.

The 77th section of the Charter provides:

"That this act shall not go into effect until it has been ratified by the people of Raleigh, at an election to be held for that purpose. And the Mayor and Commissioners of the city shall designate a day within two months after the ratification of this act, for an election to be held for its ratification or rejection, and twenty days public notice of such election shall be given in one or more of the daily papers of the city, and all persons, now entitled to vote for Mayor and Commissioners of the city of Raleigh, shall be entitled to vote at said election under the same rules and regulations as are now in force respecting elections in the city of Raleigh. And the Mayor shall cause two setts of tickets to be printed; upon one sett shall be printed the word "accepted," and upon the other sett shall be printed the word "rejected," and a supply of both kinds of tickets shall be kept at the place of election from the opening until the closing of the election. And if a majority of the votes cast at said election are for accepting this charter, then it shall be proclaimed by the Mayor within five days thereafter that it is the law of the city; and if a majority of the votes cast be for rejecting this charter, then it shall not be in force."

ROW IN WILMINGTON.—We learn, from the Wilmington papers, that during the recent fire in that City, a row occurred between several negroes of a colored Fire Company and several white men; also firemen of a different Company, in which one negro was shot through the fleshy part of the arm, and another negro severely bruised on the head. The row might have grown into a serious disturbance, had it not been for the firmness and decision of the Mayor and the Marshal, who exercised their authority, and, with the aid of their subordinates, soon succeeded in restoring peace and order.

COLLECTING THE REVISED CODE.—Twenty-nine boxes of the Revised Code of North Carolina having been lost or stolen, it is necessary, under a recent act of the Legislature, to reclaim them or to collect such others as may be scattered about in various portions of the State, and not in use, for the purpose of furnishing "Clerks &c., not already supplied." To this end, the Governor is appointing agents in different localities to gather them up.

The Salisbury *Banner* says that a very large amount of goods and merchandise is being carried by the Express Companies through that place to the Western part of the State.

The steamship Cumberland, Capt. Johnstone, arrived here on Sunday from New York, to Messrs. Worth & Daniel, with a full cargo of merchandize. By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that the Cumberland will receive freight and sail for New York on Thursday next.

It will also be seen from advertisement that Messrs. Worth & Daniel are agents for a new line of steamers between this port and Philadelphia, the first vessel of which line is expected to leave here on Thursday, April 8th. We presume that the agents can accommodate parties wishing to send produce to Philadelphia.—*Wil. Journal.*

The Connecticut Elections.

Connecticut is in a blaze of political excitement. No election ever held was so hotly contested as this will be, and the largest poll ever made in that State, in proportion to the inhabitants, will fall behind the vote which is to be taken next month. This little State election has more important possible consequences than any ordinary Presidential contest. Should Mr. English be elected by a decided majority, the Republican party would receive its death-blow, and its defeat at the coming fall election for National Representatives would be a certainty. An adverse result would not materially affect the Democratic party or President Johnson's policy; for, as their platform is the Union, they are bound to succeed some time or other. Still, a victory for the right side would help matters wonderfully, and so we hope our friends in the New England State that refused suffrage to negroes will be successful in achieving a victory over the enemies of the President.—*Rich. Examiner.*

GENERAL NEWS.

Additional items respecting affairs in Brazil and the progress of the war between the allies and Paraguay are given. The grand attack of the former had not yet been made; but the two hostile forces confronted each other on opposite sides of the Parana river, and it was expected that the allied army would cross about the middle of February, preparatory to a formidable assault on the Paraguayan stronghold of Humaita. The Brazilian, Argentine and Uruguayan troops together numbered about sixty-five thousand, to oppose whom there were only twenty-eight or thirty thousand Paraguayans. Brazil had also on the river twenty-four war vessels, four of which were iron-clads, and the Argentines had two or three men of war. The Brazilians are very desirous of a large immigration to their country, and are holding meetings to forward the matter. Great inducements are offered to American farmers to remove thither.

GEN. J. C. PEMBERTON.—This gentleman, who was in command of the defences of Vicksburg, at the time of the surrender of the city, is at present in Fauquier County, Virginia. The Warrenton *Sentinel* says he designs purchasing a farm in that County.

Two actresses were quarrelling in Paris a few nights ago in presence of a third; they got very violent, and finally approached the question of age. This was too much for the youngest, and she came out with language more forcible than flattering, more "Pagan than Parliamentary." Suddenly she paused in her *bravura* of harsh words, and turning to the witness, said "Oh *ciel! ciel!* what have I done? Abused her, called her such names! I never knew who was my mother, and she might be!"

ECLIPSE OF THE MOON.—The only eclipse this year visible in the United States will occur on this, Friday, night. It will begin at New York at 9.41, and end at 1.33 on Saturday morning. The moon will be entirely hidden from 10.48 till 12.27, or more than an hour and a half. At San Francisco the eclipse begins at 6.27 and ends at 10.14.

NOVEL MODE OF SMUGGLING.—One of the Government revenue detectives, on the Canadian frontier, writes to the Commissioner of Customs that the smugglers have laid pipes across the St. Lawrence river, and are engaged in pumping whiskey from Canada into the United States.

A shooting affair between four white soldiers and several negroes took place in Savanah Friday night, the 16th. Two of the soldiers were wounded.

A correspondence to take measures against the Asiatic cholera has taken place between the Board of Health and the military authorities of Norfolk.

A convention is to be held in Clarksburg, West Virginia, on the twelth of April, to organize opposition to the present radical despotism in that State.

The Greenville and Columbia (S. C.) Railroad has adopted the return ticket system. The rumor that the military had impressed the road is without foundation.

Somebody describing the absurd appearance of a man dancing the polka, says: "He looks as though he had a hole in his pocket and was trying to shake a shilling down the leg of his trowsers."

One of the most notable of the arrivals in the House of Lords, on the opening of the day, was the lady who came into the House escorted by the Earl of Lovelace, and who was recognized as the lady Anne Isabella Noel King Noel, the grand-daughter of Lord Byron. As she took her seat among the Peeresses' daughters, there were few who did not regard with a peculiar interest the somewhat pale face, light, brown hair, and bright, intelligent eyes of the daughter of "Ada."

How long a horse can live without food is decided by experiments recently made in France. It was ascertained, by cruel means, that a horse will live for twenty-five days without solid food, merely drinking water. He may live seventeen days without eating food or drinking. He can only live five days when consuming solid food without drinking. After taking solid aliment for the space of ten days, but with an insufficient quantity of drink, the stomach is worn out. The above facts show the importance of water in the sustenance of the horse. A horse which had been deprived of water for three days, drank eleven gallons in the space of three minutes.

A resolution has been introduced into the Louisiana Senate to change the number of hours constituting a legal day's work from nine to eight hours.

A man in Paris undertakes to relate the past, present and future of people by a simple inspection of the foot. He is called a pedomist.

Barnum fearlessly announces the presence in his wonder stalls of something very like a cannibal, and whose fondness for cold missionary is said to be excessive.

As four or five darkies were passing an agricultural store on Broad street yesterday, one of them, pointing to a cultivator, said, "A man kin jist set on that thing and ride while he's a plowin!" "Golly," replied another, "the d—n rascals was two sharp to tink o' dat 'fore the niggers was free."—*Nashville Banner.*

The fashionable and artistic world of Paris are raving about the extravagances of a certain Madame de Pavia, who, as *lionne*, seems outdoing all her predecessors in leoning peculiarities. In her charming house is a grand staircase, each step composed of a solid block of malachite, and valued in itself at £20,000.

State of North Carolina,
JOHNSTON COUNTY.
COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, Feb., Term 1866.

A. F. TELFAIR Adm'r. of ABSABETH CARTER, vs. HENRY GERHARDT & wife and HARRIET GERHARDT } Petition to make real estate assets.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that Henry Gerhardt and wife Emily J., and Harriet Gerhardt, the defendants in this case are not inhabitants of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Weekly Raleigh *Sentinel*, a paper published in the City of Raleigh, for the said defendants to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Johnston at the Court House in Smithfield on the fourth Monday in May next, and plead or demur to said petition or judgement *"pro confesso"* will be entered against them.

P. T. MASSY, Clerk.

March 15-184-4iaw6w

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, AT RICHMOND.

SPRING AND SUMMER SESSION 1866.

A REGULAR Course of Lectures in this Institution will commence on the 16th of April, and continue four months. At the close of the term, examinations for the Degree will take place. All the requisite facilities for instruction are at the command of the Faculty, including access to a Hospital containing 350 beds.

Fees: Matriculation $5;—Professors Tickets $105; Demonstrator of Anatomy $10; Graduation $30.

For further information, address,

L. S. JOYNES, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.

March 23, 190, d&tw4t Richmond, Va.

Worms.

M. R. Dingway, of Va., writes: "A dyspeptic acquaintance used the SOUTHERN HEPATIC PILLS, and found them so useful that since his removal to Missouri he has sent in an order for a gross of them. I have known them to be most efficacious in *expelling worms* from children, and in one instance great relief was given in case of *varicose veins and piles*."

☞ For sale by the Druggists. Directions accompany each box. Sent to any part of the United States for $3 per dozen. Address,

GEORGE W. DEEMS & CO.,
March 2, 172, 1m Baltimore, Md.

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of North Carolina	30
" Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	15
" Lexington at Graham	15
" Roxborough	25
" Wadesborough	10
" Thomasville	15
" Wilmington	10
" Commerce	10
" Washington	5
" Fayetteville	7
" Clarendon	5
" Yanceyville	5
Miners' and Planters' Bank	15
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	15
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	10
Merchants' Bank, Newbern	25
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	18
Georgia "	20
Gold	122
Silver	118
Old Coupons	45
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	75
Old Sixes	77
Exchange on New York	¼

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	15
" Commerce	10
" Clarendon	5
" Fayetteville	7
" Lexington	15
" North Carolina [Gold]	25
" Roxboro	25
" Thomasville	15
" Wadesboro	10
" Wilmington	10
" Washington	5
" Yanceyville	5
Commercial Wilmington	10
Farmers' Greensboro	15
Merchants', Newbern	25
Miners' and Planters'	15
Virginia Bank notes, average	15
South Carolina "	13
Georgia "	10
Gold	122
Silver	118
Old North Carolina Coupons	45
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	90
North Carolina 6's, ten Coupons on	77
Exchange on New York	¼

MARKET REPORT

CORRECTED DAILY BY JORDAN WOMBLE

Grocer and Commission Merchant for all kinds of Country Produce.

APPLES—Dried	$2 00 @ 250
Green	2 50 @ bush
BEEF	12-15cc @ lb
BACON—Firm	18@20lb dull
BUTTER	35@40 lb
BLUESTONE	40c @ lb
BEESWAX	30c @ lb
CANDLES	40 @ lb
COTTON YARN	3 50 @ bale.
COTTON	33@35c @ lb
CHEESE	35c @ lb
CHICKENS	35 50c each
COFFEE	40c @ lb
CORN	125 @ bush
EGGS	15 @ doz
FRESH PORK	12½@15c @ lb
FODDER	2 25 2 50 @ cwt.
FLOUR—Superfine	10 50 @ bbl
Family	13 00 @ bbl
HIDES—Green	10c @ lb
Dry	15c @ lb
HAY	1 50 @ cwt.
LARD	20@25c @ lb
MEAL	1 25 140 @ bush
MULLETTS	13 00 @ bbl
MACKEREL	20 00 @ bbl
NAILS	12½c @ lb
ONIONS	2 00 @ bush
PEACHES—Dried	12½@15 @ lb
PEAS—White	1 25@140 bush
Stock	1 00-120 @ bush
POTATOES—Irish	1 50 to 2 50 @ bush.
Sweet	1 25 @ bush.
SUGAR—Crushed	35c @ lb
Brown	18 to 20c @ lb
MOLASSES—	90 to 1 00 @ gal,
RAGS	8c @ lb
SODA—Cooking	20c @ lb

Bishop Atkinson's Appointments.

Clinton	April,	6th
Goldsboro'	"	8th
Wilson	"	10th
Marlborough	"	12th
Pugh's Chapel	"	13th
Greenville	"	15th
Williamston	"	17th
Tarborough	"	19th
Enfield	"	21st
Scotland Neck	"	22nd
Halifax	"	24th
Jackson	"	25th
Murfreesborough	"	27th
Windsor	"	29th
Woodville, Bertie county	May,	1st

☞ Standard and Progress please copy

Fresh Beat Carolina Rice.

30 CASKS prime quality, just received ex-Schooner C. E. Page from Charleston for sale by

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
March 13, 181. Wilmington, N. C.

STEAM BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA AND WILMINGTON, N. C.

PHILADELPHIA AND SOUTHERN STEAMSHIP MAIL COMPANY.

The elegant and fast steamship,

E. C. Knight.....CAPT. DENBY,

will sail from PAILADELPHIA for WILMINGTON, N. C., on Thursday, March 29th, and will sail from Wilmington, N. C., on her return trip, on THURSDAY, April 5 1866.

It is intended by the above Company to make a regular weekly line to this Port, if sufficient inducement is offered.

The Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company are now running a daily freight train to Goldsboro, connecting there with daily trains on the North Carolina Railroad, and shippers can rely on promptness and despatch. Rates will be as low as possible.

WORTH & DANIEL, Agents.
Wilmington, N. C.

Agents in Phila:
WM. J. TAYLOR & CO.

Mar. 29 195 d.

RARE CHANCE FOR BARGAINS

NO HUMBUG.

Until further notice, I will sell at

NEW YORK COST,

Expenses added, my large and well selected Stock of Fancy

GROCERIES,
CROCKERY,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
HARDWARE,
CIGARS,
CONFECTIONARIES,

and in fact everything in my line except HEAVY GROCERIES, AND GRAIN, a supply which will be kept constantly on hand, at as low rates as can be afforded in this market.

Dealers and Families will do well to call and examine.

I HAVE DETERMINED TO SELL AS LOW AS ANY

Wholesale Establishment in this City.

Terms Strictly Cash.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
No. 28 Fayetteville Street.

March 26-192 1wd.

COTTON SEED! COTTON SEED!!

A fine lot of Extra quality Pomegranate COTTON SEED, one and two years old.

In Store and for Sale by

DAVIS & JONES,
March 24-192-tf Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE.

25 Barrels of Tar, in excellent order.

DAVIS & JONES,
March 24-192-tf Raleigh, N. C.

An Act to regulate the terms of the Supreme Court and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly, of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, as follows:

SEC. 1. That the terms of the Supreme Court shall be hereafter held in the City of Raleigh twice in each year, beginning on the second Monday a of January and June instead of the terms now prescribed by law.

SEC. 2. Causes depending in said Court, which have been discontinued, in consequence of the failure of the Judges to hold any of its regular terms, shall be restated on the docket by the Clerk.

SEC. 3. The publication of this act in some newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six successive weeks after its ratification, shall be deemed notice to the parties, their Agents and Attorneys.

SEC. 4. This act shall be in force, from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 10th. day of March A. D. 1866

S. F. PHILLIPS S. H. C.
C. S. WINSTEAD, S. S.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this Office.

Given under my hand the 16th. day of March A. D. 1866

R. W. BEST,
March 17-185-6w. Sec'y. of State

☞ Its Effect is Miraculous. ☜

IT is an entirely new scientific discovery, combining many of the most powerful and restorative agents in the *vegetable kingdom*.

We have such confidence in its merits, and are so sure it will do all we claim for it that we offer

$1,000 REWARD

if the **Sicilian Hair Renewer** does not give satisfaction in all cases when used in strict accordance with our instructions.

HALL'S
Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer

has proved itself to be the most perfect preparation for the Hair ever offered to the public.

It is a vegetable compound, and contains no injurious properties whatever.

It is not a Dye, it strikes at the roots and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter.

It will restore Gray Hair to its original Color.

It will keep the Hair from falling out.

It cleanses the scalp, and makes the Hair soft, lustrous and silken.

It is a splendid Hair-Dressing.

No person, old or young, should fail to use it.

It is recommended and used by the **first Medical authority.**

☞ Ask for Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer and take no other.

R. P. HALL & CO., Proprietors,
Nashua, N. H.

☞ Sold by all Druggists. Williams & Haywood and P. F. Pescud, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb. 16 16 eod & w 2m.

HENRY R. BRYAN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NEWBERNE, N. C.

Dec. 29-118-3m.

PRINTING MATERIALS.

We have several fonts of worn Bourgeois and Minion Type on hand, answering well for a semi weekly or weekly issue, which we will sell very low.

W. E. PELL,
March 19-186-tf Sentinel Office.

JONES' HAIR RESTORER, FOR

Preserving, Beautifying and Preventing The Hair from Falling off.

Made and sold by

JOHN A. JONES,
Barber and Practical Hair Dresser.
March 23, 190. 1m Raleigh, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED.

37 Boxes Manufactured TOBACCO,
Spun Cotton assorted from
No. 8 to 13.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM.
Raleigh, March 22, 189, tf 14 Fayetteville St.,

J. J. LITCHFORD,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
South Side East Hargett Street,
THREE DOORS FROM FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

HAVING resumed business at the above named Store, I will be pleased to receive consignments of any description of Merchandise and country produce, promising my best efforts to promote the interest of my patrons.

Reference is made to the entire resident business community of this city and to the many correspondents of the old firm of Creech & Litchford.

J. J. LITCHFORD.
Raleigh, March 24-192-3t

SPRING GOODS

KELLOGG WHEELER & CO.

Would respectfully call attention to their **New Stock of**

Spring And Summer.

DRESS GOODS.

Ladies Trimmed Hats.
Bonnets, Shawls, Balmorals,
White Goods, Hoop Skirts,
Hosiery, Insertings,
Edgings, Laces &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Boots, Shoes and Hats,
JEANS, TWEEDS AND SATINETTS,
Sugar, Coffee and Tea.

Bourbon Whiskey, French Brandy and Holland Gin.

Raleigh N. C.

March 20-187-tf

LANCASTER'S COTTON SEED PLANTER.

THE BEST MACHINE EVER INVENTED FOR THAT PURPOSE.

Several hundred Sold in the Cotton growing counties in Eastern North Carolina and Virginia, in the three years preceding the war.

A NORTH CAROLINA INVENTION!

The Scarcity of Cotton Seed

Should induce every one intending to plant cotton the ensuing season, to use this machine. It embraces the following points, which are fully attested in the numerous testimonials given by those who used it in 18-9—'69:

1st. *Perfect Simplicity.* The seed are carried out of the Hopper by a grooved cylinder—which cylinder is turned by two light wheels rolling upon the ground, has no cog wheels, bands, chains, or anything to get out of order, has an admirable furrow opener, into which furrow the Seed fall at a depth of one inch or less, and the furr is covered up by a board or roller, as the operator may prefer.

2d. It sows with great regularity and precision *if the Seed are well rubbed*, and it a very narrow furrow, rendering the chopping out and subsequent cultivation very easy work compared with that which follow hand planting.

3d. It is a great saver of Seed, being able to secure a good stand with half the quantity of Seed usually required in hand planting, and this should be an important consideration.

4th. Its perfect adaptation to negro management is its crowning excellence, and many of the testimonials refer to this very desirable feature.

5th. Its lightness, both to team and hand, and its cheapness, together with its simplicity in construction, rendering it easy of repair by any farm hand, are strong points in its favor and are not combined in any other Cotton Planter known to the Inventor of this.

☞ Circulars giving full particulars, together with numerous testimonials from those who have thoroughly tested this machine, will be furnished upon application by mail or otherwise.

Full directions go with each machine, although the Planter is so simple as really not to require them. It may be necessary to say that this machine will sow rubbed seed only.

When more convenient to the purchaser, we will ship from New York, the freight from thence to Newbern and Wilmington, being *about* one dollar each by steamer. The freight per Railroad from Norfolk to Goldsboro, or Raleigh, is also about one dollar each. Persons living beyond these points can calculate for greater distances.

The Machines are sold at *Thirty Dollars* each, delivered on Vessel or Railroad in Norfolk or New York, and Cash or Sight Drafts must accompany each order. Orders promptly filled for any number of machines.

Address, for further information, or for Machines,

S. R. BORUM, Norfolk, Va.
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer.

Agents: MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.
Wilmington, N. C.

March 26 193 3t.

BOARDING.

One or two small Families can find Board and Lodging with

Mrs. M. J. Fentress.

BOARD by the day, week or month.
March 21, 188-tf

SIFTERS.

10 doz. Assorted sizes, at

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 20, 187, tf.

BELTING.

4—5—6 inch belting.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 20, 187 tf

HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

50 Kegs Horse Shoes,
50 do. Mule do.
200lbs. Horse Shoe Nails.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Feb. 27 d3m.

A DWELLING House for rent.

Apply to

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Feb. 27 d3m.

PRIME NICE HERRINGS.

10 Barrels,
20 Half Barrels,
of Superior Herrings.

Just received and for sale by

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 21, 188 tf

BLEACHED and Brown Cottons.

15 pieces 4 4 Bleached Cotton,
10 pieces 4 4 fine Brown,
2 pieces 10 4 Linen Sheeting,
which we will sell *close* by the *piece only*.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 13 181 tf

DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO.

In 5—10 and 20 pound Packages.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 20, 187, tf

TWO of the greatest blessings are Health and Peace. To preserve the first, keep your body comfortable, and, to enjoy the last, keep your wives and daughters well supplied with pocket change, and let them spend it at

ISAAC OETTINGER'S,

No. 1. Fayetteville Street,
N. C. Bookstore Building,

Who has just opened a nice and well selected stock of

DRY AND FANCY GOODS

To an inspection of which the public is respectfully invited

March 21-188 1m

Chance for Good Investments.

SEVERAL Houses and Lots in the City of Raleigh for sale.

Also Wake County Lands. Apply to

Q. BURKE,
March 2, 172 1m Attorney at Law
☞ Standard copy.

FURNITURE FOR SALE AND HOUSE FOR RENT.

Intending to remove from Raleigh, I shall offer at public Auction on Monday 2d prox. being Superior Court week, all my Household and Kitchen Furniture, which will embrace nearly every article necessary for House Keeping.

I Also wish to rent out for the balance of the year, commencing from 1st of April, the desirable and conveniently arranged Cottage, which I now occupy. It is within three minutes walk of the Market Square, has four rooms, all necessary out houses attached, a good Garden, and is located in a desirable neighborhood on Martin Street, near the residence of the late Alex. M. Gorman.

A. J. PARTIN.

The sale will be conducted by

J. M. TOWLES,
March 21, 188-td* Auctioneer.

WILMINGTON & WELDON RAILROAD.

OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER AND SUP'T.,
WILMINGTON, Mar. 22, 1866.

CHANGE OF SCEDULE.

On and after the 25th inst., TRAINS will run over this road as follows.

MAIL AND PASSENGER TRAINS,

Leave Wilmington daily at	9 30 P. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at	3 46 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon at	9 45 A. M.
Leave Weldon daily at	1 30 P. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro at	7 12 P. M.
Arrive at Wilmington at	1 35 A. M.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAINS,

Leave Wilmington daily except Sundays at	6 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at	1 30 P. M.
Arrive at Weldon at	8 45 P. M.
Leave Weldon daily except Sundays at	6 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro' at	12 47 P. M.
Arrive at Wilmington at	8 45 P. M.

The Mail trains make close connections through to New York and Charleston by inland and Bay routes, also with Raleigh and Gaston trains.

Trains leave Goldsboro at 4 A. M., and 5 P. M., going West, and 8 15 A. M., going East. Trains from the West arrive at Goldsboro at 2 40 A. M, and 7 45 A. M., from the East at 9 45 P. M.

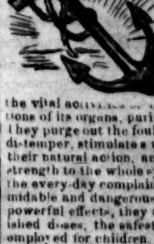
All dry goods and light groceries will be carried by these daily Freight trains, and close connections will be made with trains on the N. C. Railroad, daily except Sundays. Goods by steamers will be sent forward the day after they are received into the Warehouse. No extra charge by this train, which we hope our patrons, old as well as new, will notice.

We do not underbid our neighbors, but work as low as any, and will deliver as promptly as the best, and claims for loss or damage will be adjusted at once, if presented according to our rules.

S. L. FREMONT,
Engineer and Superintendent.

March 26-193 1m

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS,



Are the most perfect purgative which we are able to produce, or which we think has ever yet been made by any body. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the ordinary medicines in use. They are safe and pleasant to take, but power ful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate a sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart a healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also formidable and dangerous diseases. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in dimished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take, and, being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief, were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character, as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliabilities of our remedies, which others have sent us the assurance of their conviction that our Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted, suffering fellow men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis our American Almanac, containing directions for the use, and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the bowels and pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Diseases which require an evacuant medicine. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its smooth action.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations which they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S and take no other. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., and sold by

Williams & Haywood, P. F. Pescud, Raleigh, N. C., and Dealers generally.

Jan 27, 142 2m

PHILOMATHESIAN HALL,
WAKE FOREST COLLEGE, N. C.
March 24th, 1866.

At a Meeting of the Philomathesian Society, March 23rd, 1866, the Following Resolutions were Adopted.

WHEREAS, During the late war with the United States, a large number of the members of this Association have laid down their lives, in obedience to the call of their country; and have, by their self denial, their devotion to principle and their constancy in the hour of trial, earned a place among the heroes and martyrs of history; therefore,

Resolved, That we will ever cherish the memories of our gallant brethren who have fallen in defence of their homes, their altars, and their firesides—of the land they loved, and the liberties they inherited; and that we will assiduously collect, and record in a book, entitled the "Memorial," such authentic sketches, biographical notices, and other reminiscences of our lamented associates, as shall be alike interesting to the living and honorable to the dead.

Resolved, That in promotion of this object the relatives and friends of the deceased be, and they are hereby requested, to communicate to us any information in their possession, or within their reach; and that the members of the Society throughout the country are earnestly solicited to interest themselves in collecting and forwarding materials for the "Memorial."

F. P. HOBGOOD,
H. A. FOOTE, } Com.
C. M. SEAWELL,

March, 26-193 2t.

* Biblical Recorder will please copy four times, Richmond Daily Examiner twice, Richmond Herald twice, and forward accounts to the *Sentinel* office.

FOR SALE.

ONE of the most desirable dwellings in Thomasville, N. C., together with two acres of land. Said house is new, has six rooms and every convenience of pantry, cupboards, good well of water, out houses, &c., and will be sold low for cash if early application is made. Enquire of Chas. Buckman, Esq. Washington, N. C., or GEO. LINES.

Thomasville, N. C.

March 2, 172, 1m.

SPRING IMPORTATION.

1866.

RIBBONS,
Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS
RIBBONS, BONNET SILKS AND LACES.
Velvets, Ruches, Flowers, Feathers,
STRAW BONNETS,
Ladies' Hats,
Trimmed and Untrimmed Shaker Hoods, &c.
No. 237 and Lofts of 239 Baltimore St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

OFFER a Stock unsurpassed in the United States in variety and cheapness.

Order solicited and prompt attention given.

Feb 27 1y, 1mpd.

DAILY SENTINEL

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

1866 1866

SPRING STOCK.

JUST AS WE EXPECTED.

OUR NEW PLAN OF CONDUCTING BUSINESS

IS working like a charm, viz: One of our firm remaining constantly in the Northern Markets gives us great advantages in purchasing all the late Novelties in Fashion, at the *recent heavy decline in prices*.

We are now receiving a most superb Stock of Ladies' Dress Goods, consisting of Black and colored Silks,

MOZAMBIQUES,
GRENADINES,
SPRING CHALLIES,
ORGANDY MUSLINS,
CHINTZ JACONETS,
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN CALICOES
POPLINETTES,
BAREGES,
ARGENTINES,
TARLTANS,
SWISS, JACONET,
AND NANSOOK MUSLIN.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,

March 23-191-tf. RALEIGH, N. C.

SILK MANTILLAS,

Basques, Sacques, Parasols, Fans, &c., &c.,
A beautiful stock
March 23 191-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

LADIES' HATS, GAITERS, SHOES, HOSIERY & GLOVES, &c., &c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Raleigh, March 23, 191-tf.

GENTLEMEN'S FINE SOFT FRENCH Hats and Dress Hats, fine Shoes, Gaiters, &c., &c.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,
March 23-191-tf

BOYS' AND MISSES' HATS & SHOES,

A large assortment. Call and examine our Stock. It will pay you, as we have bought goods very low and will sell them cheap.
March 23-191-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

IMPORTANT SALE.

THE subscriber, as the administrator with the will annexed of the late John S. Brown of Pitt county, offers for sale,

Seventeen hundred and sixty Acres

of land on Swift Creek, in Pitt county. There are 200 acres of the land cleared, with comfortable building. 700 acres of the tract is well set, with the finest Cypress in the State. The balance of the tract is high Pineywoods land, well set with pitch pine, and offers the finest facility for making turpentine and tar, of any in the eastern part of the State.

This body of land lies in a thickly settled and thriving section of Pitt county and is offered for sale under the provisions of the will of my said testator. I am authorized to do so and will sell the same at private sale, if I can do so.

ALSO, 100 acres of Piney land, on the North side of Tar River, adjoining the lands of Wm. Shivers and others.

Unless these lands are sold previously, I will offer them for sale at public auction, at the Court House door, in Greenville, Pitt County, on Tuesday, of next May County Court, being the 8th day of the month.

A liberal credit will be given, which will be made known on the day of sale.

Any person wishing to purchase privately can communicate with me by letter or otherwise, at Greenville, Pitt County, N. C.

BEN. W. BROWN,
March 17-185-10t Admini-trator.

10 FOUR or six horse Waggons, in good running order, for sale by
DAVIS & JONES.
March 5, 174, tf

PAINTING.

H. T. CLAWSON,
HOUSE, SIGN AND
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER,
AND
Imitator of every variety of
Marble and Wood.
Gilding on Glass and Wood, and Japan Tin Office Signs,
Executed to order, with neatness and dispatch.

THANKFUL to my friends for the very liberal patronage I have received, hope by unremitting exertions to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Shop on third floor of North Carolina Book Store Building. Feb 1, 147, 6m.

DAVID BARROW,
WITH
ZINN, DORRANCE & CO
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Nos. 80 & 82 Leonard Street,
(West of Broadway.)
NEW YORK.
Feb 19, 162, 3ms

THE CAROLINA TIMES,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.,
IS PUBLISHED DAILY & TRI-WEEKLY,

And furnished to subscribers upon the following Terms:

DAILY TIMES, one year,	$10
" " six months,	5
" " three months,	3
TRI-WEEKLY TIMES, one year,	6
" " six months,	3
" " three months,	2

THE WEEKLY NEWS, containing twenty eight columns, a transcript of the *Daily Times*, is published every Tuesday, at $2 per annum. Clubs of ten or more, $2 50 a year, and a copy to the getter-up of a club gratis.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

In the Daily and Tri-weekly Times one square (ten lines or less) $1 for first insertion and 50 cents for each subsequent insertion. A reasonable deduction made for advertisements inserted for a longer period than one month.

Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY NEWS at $1 per square for each insertion.

All letters on business with either the above publications should be addressed to
WARING & HERRON,
Charlotte, N. C.
March 27-194-tf.

A MARBLE FRONT
AT HILLSBORO'.

WE ARE opening the finest Stock of French, British and Austrian Goods, ever seen. Samples sent to Students, at X Road prices.

NOT MARBLE FRONT PRICES!

Money received on deposit at 6 per cent. Gold subject to draft at 30 days interest from date of receipt. Reference every body. We have never suffered a protest on our Paper. N. C. old notes on deposit draw 3 per cent in U. S. Currency per annum.
BROWN, PARKS & CO.
mar 22. 189 tf

JOHNSTON COUNTY LAND FOR SALE.

I offer for sale the two tracts of land known as the Zack Hill place three and a half miles from Boon Hill, and on the Road to Lowell Factory, containing in both 224 acres. The improvements are a log dwelling house, smoke house, and stables, and a good well of water. The land is desirable for cultivation, as it is immediately upon Little River, where can be found any amount of the richest loam; and also very valuable for its pine forests, only a small quantity of which has been boxed, and will yield a crop of Turpentine the present year.

A good bargain may be had, as the proprietor is disposed to sell it cheap for cash.

JAMES M. TOWLES
March 23-191-5t Agent.

PRUSSIAN BLUE.

50 Cans 100 lbs Prussian Blue.
B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 1, 171, tf

D. WALLACE. J. S. SOUTHERLAND.

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Office over A. E. Hall's Store,
No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,
Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of
NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &c., &c., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.
—ALSO—
TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.
Sep. 6, 1865 26-tf.

Cotton Yarn and Sheetings.

75 BALES for sale by
A. A. WILLARD.
Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Houses and Lots for Sale.

ONE House and Lot on Hobbs-ro Street, seven rooms attached, and one on Halifax Street. Rooms and about one acre of land attached. Both houses in good order and well located.

Also, a lot of fine Yadkin County Whiskey just received.
COWPER & MOORE
Feb 23, 166, tf

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. P. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.

SHAFER & NORWOOD,
Commission Merchants,
No. 5 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.
Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited.

☞ Orders from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and individual attention.

REFER TO
Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; McIlwaine, Son & Co, Donnans and Johnson, Martin & Tannahill, Petersburg, Va; F A Vogler, Esq, Salem, N C; R J Richardson, Reidsville, N C; Seymour Steel, Greensboro, N C E Wilkes, Superintendent N C R R 47-6m.

RALEIGH, 1866.

LIFE INSURANCE NOTICE!

THE old and well established

Ætna Company, of Hartford,

Offers superior inducements to all who wish to provide for family or friends.

All losses are promptly paid. No case of litigation has ever occurred with this Company. With assets of $2,300,000, it offers to receive one half of the premium in a note and half in cash, and, after the second year, to credit each customer with the dividends of the Company, which are now 50 per cent. With a small outlay, $50 0, or $10,000, or $20,000, may be secured to the family after their earthly providers are taken away. What father or husband would neglect thankful on his dying couch, that he had availed himself of every opportunity to place those nearest and dearest to him, above the pinchings of want, and a life of dependence upon friends or charity? 8819 policies have been issued from the office ending Jan. 15, 1866. The total income for the year 1865 was $1,685,339 57, total disbursements $ 1,151,234 33, leaving a balance to surplus fund of $1,155,234 33.

In Raleigh, a late, number have liberally responded and promptly acted in this matter; yet many delay, and may wait until it is too late. A man in this city lately left his place of business for his evening meal, well and healthy, but never reached that home except as he was carried there to die. Had that man taken the advice of the Agent, he might have left $5000 to minister to the necessities of a sorrowing family. Delays are dangerous, procrastination destructive. But one says, "If I only had confidence in the Company that it would pay, I would insure." Well, it never has failed to pay, and to day is more responsible than ever before. It is patronized by some of the most sagacious minds in the land—men competent to detect and expose any deception if it existed.

W. H. CROW, Gen. State Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
W. B. GULICK, Local Ag't.
N. H. B. WILSON, Greensboro.
C. W. DOWNING, Charlotte.
JOHN C. SLOCUMB, Goldsboro.
MITCHELL & ALLEN, Newbern.
J. A. WILLARD, Wilmington.
Jan. 27, 142, 3m.

GREAT SENSATION!!

The Parisian Monarch Dethroned!!!

THE WORLD OF FASHION
AT
FARRISS & LACK'S,

SELECTING THEIR OUTFIT FROM THEIR fresh arrivals of Goods, consisting of

New Broadcloths,
Beaver Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Ready-made Clothing,
Hats and Caps,
Splendid Overcoats,
Collars,
Cravats,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
Valises,
Handkerchiefs
&c., &c., &c., &c.

☞ Call and inspect Goods and Garments.

Fine Merchant Tailoring

is still carried on but upon a larger basis than ever before attempted in the South.

An Entire Suit of Clothes

made up, at any moment, on 12 hours' notice

Their Goods are all new, they have a splendid Cutter, and Needlemen whose work will compare favorably with any executed in Europe or in this country.
Jan 5 126—3m.

McILWAINE & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS!
Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.

The subscribers respectfully offer their services to the TRADE NORTH and SOUTH, and to the PLANTERS of VIRGINIA and NORTH CAROLINA, in the purchase and sale of
GROCERIES, COTTON,
TOBACCO, GRAIN, &c.

They trust, by strict personal attention to all business confided to their care, to secure a continuance of the confidence so liberally bestowed on the late firm of
McILWAINE, SON & CO.,
of which our senior was so long a member.
McILWAINE & CO.

ROBT. D. McILWAINE,
FRANK POTTS,
S. S. BRIDGERS.

Mr. EDWARD GRAHAM, of the late firms of McIlwaine & Graham and Hamilton & Graham, can be found with us, where he will be pleased to see his friends.
Petersburg, Va., Feb. 23,—166—6ms.

WILLIAM WEDDELL, ALEX. W. WEDDELL.

WM. WEDDELL & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers
in
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
of
Every Description.
113 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.

Orders from our friends in North Carolina will be carefully filled and promptly forwarded. Merchants requiring our services will be accommodated upon reasonable terms. Feb 17, 161, 3m

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN, D. T. CARRAWAY.

NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL HOUSE
AND
HARDWARE STORE.
MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
22 *Pollock Street*, *Newbern, N. C.*
Water Street, *Wilmington*, "

KEEP a large and carefully selected stock of
Farmers',
Millers,
Builders',
Mechanics', and
Housekeepers' Tools,
AND OTHER
Hardware!
Agricultural Implements,
Leather and Rubber Belting
Rope,
Saddlery,
Iron,
Steel, &c., &c.
and can furnish, at short notice, any kind of
Machinery or Castings.
Agents for
R. Hoe & Co.'s Circular Saws,
Fairbank's Scales,
Evans & Watson's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
which we sell at manufacturers' prices.

We invite particular attention to our stock and feel confident that our facilities and experience will enable us to offer superior inducements to purchasers.
Jan. 20, 149, tf.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,
WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!
JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.
HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, he license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER" renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the "Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York prices, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.
Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs) Wilmington, N. C.
Dec. 4-10-tf.

PETERSBURG IRON WORKS.

ALL kinds of Wrought and Cast work, done at short notice.

Ploughs and Plough Castings, of all styles, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Commission Merchants and farmers will bear in mind that all our Agricultural work is made of the best material and warranted.

The attention of Millwrights and others is called to our assortment of Patterns, the largest south of Baltimore, and it will be worth your while to call and examine them before going elsewhere; we will do your work at cheap prices, and make no charge for making patterns to suit your wishes, if our own cannot be made to answer.

Stationary and Portable Saw Mill Engines made complete, and warranted as to workmanship and material.

Hardware merchants supplied with Ovens, Lids, Spiders, Andirons, Grates, &c.

Working Drawings and Designs made, of Engines, Mill work and other Machinery. Send directions; I will send you a list of Patterns.

T. ALPHONSE JACKSON,
Superintendent.
Petersburg, Va., Feb. 21—164-2ms.

PHOTOGRAPHS AND PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS.

CALL at Watson's Gallery and get a beautiful Album and have it filled with choice pictures.

Photographs of distinguished North Carolinians for sale.

Portraits of every description put up at the shortest notice.
J. W. WATSON.
March 9-178-tf.

MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP,
By Saving and Using your Waste Grease.

BUY ONE BOX OF THE
PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S
SAPONIFIER,
Or, CONCENTRATED LYE.

IT will make 10 pounds of excellent Hard Soap, or 25 gallons of the very best Soft Soap, for only about 35 cents. Directions on each box. For sale at all Drug and Grocery stores, and in lots at wholesale by
WM. M. ELLICOTT & SONS,
No. 3 Spear's Wharf,
Feb 23, 170, 3m Baltimore, Md.

JAS. F. PURVIS, ISAAC F. PURVIS,
JAS. F. PURVIS, JR. NATHAN H. CRAWFORD.

PURVIS & COMPANY,
Bankers,
No. 192 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md
WE TRANSACT THE
GENERAL BANKING, EXCHANGE
MERCANTILE COLLECTION,
AND
STOCK COMMISSION BUSINESS,
In all their several departments.

We buy and sell, and are prepared to furnish at all times, Government Bonds and Securities, in sums to suit.

We give special attention to Collections, which we are prepared to make, on all accessible points, on the most reasonable terms.

Deposits received, and interest allowed on Current Balances, according to special agreement.
Nov 16-85-6m. PURVIS & CO.

E. H. POGUE,
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in
TIN WARE,
HILLSBORO, N. C.

Attention of Merchants invited, and orders solicited. WANTED—Two good Tinners. Apply to, or address
E. H. POGUE,
Feb 22, 165, 3ms. Hillsboro, N. C.

LORILLARD
FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,
OF THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, $1,512,000.
C. NORWOOD, Prest, *JNO. C. MILLS, Sec'y.*

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel.
November 22-90-tf.
☞ *Standard* copy till forbid.

Substitute for Peruvian Guano,
AT LESS
Than Half the Cost!
BAUGH'S RAW BONE
Super-Phosphate of Lime.

BAUGH & SON'S
MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,
Store No. 20 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

THIS valuable Manure has been before the agricultural public, under one name for twelve years past, and its character for vigor of action and permanence in effect is well established. Before the war, it was introduced, to some extent, in the Southern States, and was found to be highly adapted to
Cotton, Tobacco, and all Crops.

In its action, it is as quick as Peruvian Guano, while it does not leave the land in an exhausted state, but on the other hand permanently improves it. This has been fully proven by years of trial.

See pamphlet to be had of the Agent below.
BAUGH & SONS,
Sole Manufacturers,
Philadelphia.
For sale by **J. M. TOWLES.**
Raleigh, N. C.
Jan 29, 141, law3m.

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandize, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.
N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.
Greensboro, Nov. 12 82-tf.

THE
Underwriters' Agency
OF NEW YORK,
CASH ASSETS,
Three Million Dollars
Issue Policies of
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE
Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negotiable and Bankable
CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE
Are issued by this Association.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF
NORTH CAROLINA,
RALEIGH, N. C.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:
Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,
W. B. Gulick, *Cashier,*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold.

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms.

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina 56-1y.

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE
Insurance Company,
OF
New Orleans, Louisiana
CAPITAL, - - - $565 000

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. This Company was organized in January 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz: Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange. L. W. PECK, Agent.
Raleigh, Nov. 3 74 tf.

H. C. WHEELER,
OF SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA,
WITH
JAMES PALMER & CO.
Wholesale Druggists,
AND DEALERS IN
Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.
No. 439 Market Street,
Philadelphia.
Nov. 11 81 6m.

FOARD, BROTHER & CO.,
WHOLESALE TOBACCO HOUSE,
—AND—
GENERAL
Commission Merchants
ATLANTA, GA.

Quick Sales and Prompt Returns made.

When desired a careful messenger will accompany shipments over the broken sections of the Railroads.
O. G. FOARD, Rowan Mills, N. C.
R. L. WILSON, Olin, N. C.
J. F. FOARD, Newbern, N. C.
J. G. M'CONNAUGHEY, Salisbury, N. C.
March 13, 181, 3ms

COTTON SEED!

For Sale, 1000 bushels, delivered in this city, or at any point on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad.
Apply, in my absence, to Maj. W. W. Vass.
L. C. HOWARD,
Raleigh, March 29-187-1w*

M. J. Moore,
Of Stokes County, N. C.
WITH
Hood, Bonbright & Co
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
Philadelphia.
No. 529 Market Street.
Nov. 9-79-6m.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NEWBERN, N. C., November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of

Whitford, Dill & Co.,

for the transaction of a Shipping and General
Commission Business,
in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.

To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and State and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.

We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.
JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.
November 29, 1865 96 6ms

D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.

WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,
Shipping, Receiving, Forwarding and
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.

Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.
AGENTS FOR
MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES
BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.
General Vessel Agents.
November 29 96-1y.

E. F. Coe's Super-Phosphate of Lime,
OR
BONE MANURE.

WARRANTED GENUINE.

BEING MADE OF THE BEST MATERIAL AND in the most approved manner, it is recommended to the public as superior to any other in the market. All who have used it speak of it in the highest terms of praise, and those engaged in its manufacture will continue their best endeavors to advance the high reputation which it has acquired.

We guarantee the Phosphate to be well manufaced, and recommend it in preference to any other artificial manure in the market. We consider it nearly equal to the best Peruvian Guano, although unrished at half the price.

Messrs B H. Allen & Co., the well known manufacturers of agricultural implements, say of it:

"We take pleasure in stating that we have sold E F Coe's Super Phosphate of Lime for four years.—It has given universal satisfaction to our customers. We most cheerfully endorse it as an article worthy of the confidence of the public, and the purchaser may rely upon securing an article honestly and carefully manufactured.

"We would state that, after careful examination, we believe this Phosphate has been improved each year since its introduction in this market, and that it will continue to maintain its present high standing. "Very respectfully,
"R. H. ALLEN & CO.,
"No. 191 Water Street, New York."

E. FRANK COE, Esq.,

Annexed please find result of my analysis of sample of your Super Phosphate of Lime left with me. This being such a superior article in every respect, I cannot refrain from congratulating you upon such a manufacture, which undoubtedly will meet with great success.

Wishing you every success, I am,
Respectfully yours,
G. A. LEIBIG.

BALTIMORE, August 3, 1864.

Of Free Phosphoric Acid Hyd. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	10.28 7.45.
Of Bi Phosphate of Lime. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	6.10 3.70.
Of Neutral Phosphate of Lime containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	8.35 4.36.
Of Sulphate of Lime hydrated containing of Sulphuric Acid (Soz.)	45.88 21.20.
Of Alkaline Salts as Sulphates.	1.11
Of Organic Combustible Matter.	2.358
capable of producing Ammonia.	3 76.
Of Animal Coal and Sand.	5.00
Phosphoric Acid soluble in Water.	11.15.
Phosphoric Acid insoluble in Water.	4 36.
Ammonia	3.76.

MANUFACTURED BY
ENOCH COE, Hunter's Point L. I.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN APPOINTed Agents for the Sale of North Carolina, and will supply this superior fertilizer at manufacturers' prices.

Put up in barrels of about 200 pounds weights.

700 Barrels now in Store,

and for sale by
O. G. PARSLEY & CO.
Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 1 126-3m.

CIRCULAR.

The Co partnership of G. W. DEEMS & C. F. DEEMS has been *dissolved*, by mutual consent, and the business of manufacturing the Southern
Hepatic Pills
has gone into the hands of G. W. DEEMS, the discoverer, who has removed to Baltimore, Md., where he can have access to the purest and best Medicines, on the most favorable terms. He will always keep on hand a large supply, and will sell to his customers, wholesale and retail, at the shortest notice.

Where these Pills are known, especially in the Southern States, where they have been circulated so extensively, they need no recommendation—their merits are so well known by their results.

We thank our customers for the liberal patronage given us heretofore, and hope they will continue to favor us by sending their orders to G. W. DEEMS, No 28 South Calhoun Street, Baltimore, Md., where they will be promptly attended to, the cash accompanying the orders: Price 50 cts. per box; $2.50 per dozen, and a liberal discount to dealers.

For sale by P. E. PESCUD, and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD
March 17-185-2aw9t

BROWN SHEETINGS.

TWO Bales best 4-4 Sheetings just received on consignment.

Also, Cotton Yarn by the bunch or bale in store.
JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.
Feb 9 154 tf

Old Nick Williams Whiskey.

AS Agents for Nick Williams & Son, we are prepared to furnish the above popular brand of Whiskey, by the barrel or keg. Address orders the
COWPER & MOORE

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER MAY BE FOUND WITH Hart & Lewis, No. 44 Fayetteville Street. He respectfully invites his old customers and the public, to the extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS now in store
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Jan'y 10-123—3m.

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

We invite special attention of purchasers to our large and interesting stock of
Miscellaneous Hardware,
Wooden Ware,
Willow Ware,
Crockery Ware,
Glass Ware,
China Ware,
Pot and Hollow Ware,
Stone Ware,
Tin Ware,
Iron and Steel Buggy Material,
Bridles,
Saddles,
Harness,
Collars, &c.,
Lamp Lanterns
Oils, Paints,
Varnishes and Brushes.
—ALSO—
FAMILY GROCERIES.
In fact, for anything in the
House-Keeping Line.
Call at
44 Fayetteville Street,
J. BROWN,
WITH HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh, Jan 15, 132, tf.

W. GOODMAN, Mississippi. A. P. MERRILL, JR., New York.
GOODMAN & MERRILL,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants.
36 New Street, New York.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE ADVANCES ON consignments in store or on receipt of bills of lading.

All consignments to us will be covered by Fire and Marine Insurance unless otherwise directed.

We have made an arrangement with Mr. D. W. Courts, late Public Treasurer of N. C., by which he becomes interested in all the business sent us from that State. We solicit the patronage of his friends.

He is not associated now with the firm of Bennett, Van Pelt & Co., New York.
Jan 8, 126, 3ms.

THOMAS & CO.,
Bankers,
No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL, ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,
SOUTHERN STATE BONDS,
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
GOLD AND SILVER.

Stocks, Bonds, &c., of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.

Make Collections, with prompt returns, on all accessible points, North, South and West.

Draw Gold or Currency Drafts, of any amount, [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.

Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency, subject to check at sight.

ON HAND FOR SALE.
$300,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100 000 Seven Thirties, [different series.]
$50 000 Five-Twenties, ['62, '64 and '65 issues.]
$50,000 One-Year Certificates. Nov 16 85-tf

TURNBULL, RIACH AND MURDOCH.

16 HANOVER ST., *BALTIMORE.* | 7 COLLEGE PLACE, *NEW YORK.*

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
FOR THE SALE OF
Cotton Yarn, Sheetings and Osnaburgs, Woo and Woolen Goods.

REFERENCES:

Chas. P. Mallett, Esq.,	Chapel Hill.
Chas. B. Mallett, Esq.,	Fayetteville.
Geo. W. Williams & Co.,	Fayetteville.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq.,	Greensboro.
James Sloan, Esq.,	Greensboro.
Thomas R. Tate, Esq.,	Charlotte.
R. Mickle, Esq., Cashier Union Bank,	Baltimore.

October 2-48-1y.

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,
GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
79 PEARL ST., NEW YORK.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cotton Cloth, Naval Stores, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Orders solicited for the purchase of Goods.

☞ *All consignments to us are covered by Insurance as soon as shipped, on all Rail Roads, and from all shipping ports, through to New York, whether advice of shipment is received or not.*

☞ Consignments solicited. ☜

THOS. J. SUMNER,	Charlotte,	N C
DANIEL WORTH,	Company Shops,	"
S. G. MURPHY,	New York City,	
ROBERT R. SWEPSON,	"	"
G. W. SWEPSON,	Haw River;	N C
C. P. MENDENHALL,	Greensboro,	"

October 26, 1865-69 6m.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
KELLOGG & BRENIZER,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
INSURANCE AGENTS,
GREENSBORO, N. C.

GOLD AND SILVER, EXCHANGE, BANK Notes, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold.

Deposits received subject to sight checks as with the Banks.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Will transact all business promptly and on reasonable terms. jan 5, 124, 3m.

GEO W. DILL,
Commission and Forwarding Merchant.
AND AGENT FOR MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMShip Line, Morehead City,
Jan. 1-126-3m.

HART & LEWIS,
44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.,
AGENTS FOR
STEWART'S "Extension Top," "Queen of the South," and "Western Empire" Cooking Stoves.
J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS,
Jan 12, 128, tf. 44 Fayetteville Street.